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Three Nights, Commencing MONDAY, October 5, 1892.

MR. T. H. FRENCH will Present MISS LILLIAN RUSSELL.

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Can your tell just what you have come to see him about without requiring you to open your lips to even pass the time of day, must certainly be possessed of some strange power which distinguishes him from his fellowman.

His advice on matters of business is always correct. He foretells the result of lawsuits, speculations, etc., and in matrimonial ventures his valuable aid has been the direct means of putting hundreds of couples on the right road to happiness and success.

To show the people of Los Angeles his real sincerity in his great work, he will give sittings the remaining days of this week for

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After Saturday next, PROF. LEONARD will charge his usual price for sittings, viz: —\$5.00!—

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AUSTRIANS WIN

Six of Their Riders Arrive in Berlin

Before the First German Officer Reached Vienna.

Chagrin in Berlin Over the Result—Immense Sums Wagered.

Other Foreign News—Unseemly Wrangling Among Religious Bodies in England—Lord Tennyson's Death Expected at Any Hour.

By Telegram to The Times.

BERLIN, Oct. 4.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] At 9:35 this morning Lieut. Miklos, of the Austrian army, one of the competitors in the long distance military race, arrived.

He left Vienna at 7:30 Saturday morning, and was therefore 3 days 1 hour and 45 minutes on the road. He was the first of the riders, either Austrian or German, to finish. His ride had evidently been fast and furious, both man and beast being completely worn out.

The second Austrian officer to arrive is Lieut. Czavossy, who finished his ride at 11:10 a.m. Excitement over the race is intense, and the sum that will change hands on the result is immense.

Telegrams from the German riders show that Baron Keltzstein and Lieut. von Seditz are leading in the race southward. Lieut. von Seditz is the officer who married Miss Roosevelt, the American lady.

Lieut. Scherber, the third Austrian to arrive, came at 12:35 p.m. A brother of Lieut. Scherber came at 6:20 p.m. He was followed by Capt. Stogel, who came in on a gallop, having covered the distance in 81 hours and 10 minutes.

Six Austrians completed the ride ahead of the first German. This occasioned much chagrin here. Over 20,000,000 marks had been bet on the result. Lieut. Miklos, the first Austrian to arrive here, rode 350 miles with thirteen hours' rest.

He sustained his horse with brandy. Vienna, Oct. 4.—Prince Frederick Leopold, the first German to start on the ride to Vienna, led the race as far as Iglau in Moravia. There his horse broke down at 9 o'clock last night. He managed to get the animal going again this morning, but in wretched condition. The animal refused to touch food.

Prince Leopold was the first German rider to arrive at Floridsdorf, the Austrian terminus of the race. He finished at 7:45 o'clock this evening. His horse again broke down after he left Iglau and was given up for lost. The prince before it was able to proceed. Thousands of persons were present at Floridsdorf to welcome him. At 8:20 the third German to arrive, Capt. von Tappertskalk, rode in at a walk.

RELIGIOUS WRANGLES. England Agitated by a Series of Church Squabbles.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] A letter, written by the Catholic archbishop of Westminster, Vaughan, in which he praises English impartiality as shown in the election of Knill, as Lord Mayor of London, but says that a Catholic could not partake of the services of a false religion, has raised a tempest. The newspapers have printed many letters protesting against the statements of the archbishop.

Councillor Moore, who made such a vigorous protest against the election of Knill, has not given up the fight against the Lord Mayor-elect. He has advertised in the newspapers asking all Britons who do not favor the election of a Catholic as Lord Mayor to communicate with him.

The Anglican Church Congress opened at Folkestone today. After an address of welcome a procession was formed, headed by Most Rev. Edward White Benson, Archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England. It marched through crowded streets to the church. A number of low-churchmen took a position near the passing procession with a banner inscribed: "We represent Ridley and Latimer at the stake, exhorting churchmen to withstand idolatry, priestcraft, ritualism and popish processions." They tried to follow the procession, but the spectators set upon them and tore their banner to ribbons.

THE DYING POET. Lord Tennyson Expected to Pass Away at Any Hour.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Tennyson passed a quiet night and seemed somewhat better this morning, but became worse toward noon, growing weaker, and at 5 p.m. his condition was critical. The gravest fears were entertained this evening regarding Tennyson. Though hope was not abandoned, it was thought probable his hours were numbered. Though very low he occasionally took nourishment. Telegrams were flowing into Haslemere from all parts of the United Kingdom and America.

A telegram from Haslemere at 11 p.m. says that Lord Tennyson is quite prostrate. It is not likely he will survive tonight.

Dr. Dabbs, who is an old friend of the poet, said tonight that the patient slept very little and is now quite prostrate. Sir Andrew Clarke has not seen the patient today. Strenuous efforts have been made to secure his attendance, but he was busy elsewhere and will not be able to arrive before morning. The Queen telegraphs at brief intervals inquiring as to Tennyson's condition.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—At 4:15 a.m. Tennyson's condition is unchanged.

THE GRIP IN PERU. Terrible Ravages of the Disease at Lima and Other Places.

PANAMA, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] Peruvian advices say that influenza is making fearful ravages in Lima. On some days the number of deaths reach thirty. The streets are

almost deserted and funeral processions are seen nearly every hour in the day. It is estimated that up to the present over 30,000 persons have been attacked with the disease in Lima. The disease spread with alarming rapidity.

At the port of Lurin, according to reports, the number of persons attacked with the disease is very large in proportion to the population, and the deaths are counted by dozens daily.

The epidemic also prevails in the Pachacamac, Clenequilla, Huaycan and Manchay Valleys. Residents of these places are excited, being completely without medical men and the medicines indispensable for combating the disease. In some districts and on the haciendas many poor persons have been attacked by influenza, who have not the slightest means of support, much less medicines with which to battle the disease. The attention of the authorities has been called to their sad plight.

Cholera Scare at Vienna. VIENNA, Oct. 4.—The sanitary commission at Pesth has rejected the proposal to close the public schools, but has resolved to erect new barracks, flush the sewers, and, if necessary, distribute food gratis. There are only 780 available hospital beds in the city. The commission as well as the municipality treat the outbreak of cholera lightly. This increases the apprehension felt in Vienna.

Count von Taaffe says it is too late and almost impossible to close Vienna against the pest. So the malady is expected here soon. The epidemic is spreading throughout Galicia.

In Honor of St. Sergius. Moscow, Oct. 4.—Thirty thousand pilgrims have started for Troits to celebrate the 500th anniversary of the death of St. Sergius. They were accompanied by 1000 clergymen bearing sacred symbols and images. They sleep in the open air and present a most pathetic appearance. It is expected that 100,000 in all will assemble at Troits at the monastery. St. Sergius was the leader of the fourteenth century struggle to throw off the Tartar yoke.

Kelly's Slayer to Be Executed. NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—A Genoa dispatch says that the King of Italy has decided to watch the court proceedings in the trial of the innkeeper for the murder of Kelly, the American sailor, to see that the murderer is punished to the fullest extent of the law.

Noted Persons Dead. WILLIAMS HAYES, Oct. 4.—Admiral Delahard, commander of the German squadron of evolution, died today.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The announcement is made of the death of Gabriel Vital Dubray, the French sculptor, in his 75th year.

All Quiet at La Guayra. WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—A cablegram from Admiral Walker at La Guayra, Venezuela, says that all is quiet there. The Chicago will remain until further orders from Washington.

The Pamir Expedition. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 4.—The Russian Pamir expedition, under command of Col. Yanoff, has returned to Terghana in Turkistan.

A State Funeral for Renan. PARIS, Oct. 4.—It has been decided to give the late Ernest Renan a state funeral on Friday.

EGAN'S RETURN. The Minister Arrives With Chilean Coin for the Baltimore Success.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] Patrick Egan, Minister to Chile, arrived this morning on the Pacific Mail steamer Newport. He was received by representatives of the Irish societies.

Egan brings with him besides the treaty mentioned in these dispatches several days ago, letters of credit for \$75,000 to indemnify the families of the seamen killed or wounded in Chile at the time of the Baltimore affair. Egan says the people of Chile are extremely favorable toward the United States. Egan says his return now has no connection with the campaign. He once more entered an emphatic denial to the many charges made against him at the time of the Baltimore episode.

Real Estate Men in Session. BUFFALO (N. Y.), Oct. 4.—The second annual meeting of the National Real Estate Association convened here today. The first session was taken up with an address of welcome by Gov. Flower and others. The responses thereto and annual address of the president of the association.

The delegates tonight at Music Hall listened to the expounding of the single tax theory by Henry George. At the close of his speech he answered the questions of delegates for some time.

County Seat War Ended. OMAHA (Neb.), Oct. 4.—The Hitchcock county war ended suddenly this morning. Adj. Gen. Hildquist, of the State militia, reached Culbertson this morning. He at once ordered Sheriff Dennis to do his duty. The Sheriff summoned a posse, went to Trenton and recaptured the county records without a struggle and brought them back to Culbertson. The troops have been dismissed.

"Best Citizens" Lynch a Man. TROY (Conn.), Oct. 4.—Three hundred of the best citizens of district No. 7 last night took Alexander Hall (colored), charged with attempted rape on a white girl, from the officers having him in custody, hung him up and rid the body with bullets.

Catholics Under the Ban. NEWARK (N. J.), Oct. 4.—It has been discovered that though the late German Catholic congress earnestly sought the Pope's blessing, it never came. This is taken as certain evidence that Catholicism has no favor in Rome and that it is under the ban.

Supposed to Have Foundered. PORT HERON (Mich.), Oct. 4.—The steam barge Nashua is believed to have foundered off Goderich this morning and it is feared her crew of a dozen men have been lost. The barge belongs in Cleveland.

THEY BOB UP.

Evans and Sontag Seen Near Monterey.

Murderer McNulty Given a Long Lease of Life by Justice Lamar.

A Sensational Episode in the Trial of Elwood Bruner.

Non-partisans Left Out in the Cold at San Francisco—The Cruiser Charles. ton at San Diego—Cons. News.

By Telegram to The Times. MONTEREY, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The Collis train robbers and murderers have turned up in this vicinity, they having been seen by a party of quail hunters in the hills near this city. The hunters are positive that the two men were the much-sought-for outlaws. The pair upon seeing the hunters turned about and were soon off and over the hills. They were heavily armed, and the hunters having no ammunition for train robbers did not pursue them and lost sight of them.

What tends to give credence to the truthfulness of the report is the robbing of a house on the outlying portion of this city last night, and the strangest part of the robbery was the fact that only the provisions of the pantry were purloined.

Officers have taken up the trail with but little hopes of overtaking the robbers.

HOPE FOR McNULTY. Justice Lamar Grants Him a Writ of Error and Stay of Execution.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] Sheriff Laumeler received a dispatch from Washington today announcing that a writ of error and supersedeas had been granted by Justice Lamar of the United States Supreme Court to John McNulty, who was to have been executed here October 14 for the murder of John Collins four years ago. This is the third time within the last three months that a stay of execution has been granted. The constitutionality of the law recently passed by the California Legislature requiring that all executions take place at the State prison at San Quentin will be tested by McNulty's attorneys in the United States Supreme court and an effort will be made to secure his discharge on the ground that there is no law applying to his case.

BRUNER'S TRIAL. The Prosecuting Witness Placed in Rather a Bad Light.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The trial of Elwood Bruner was continued before Judge Wallace today.

The only sensational episode was when Attorney Reddy asked Ottinger if he had not told certain persons that he would either send Bruner to jail or go himself. Witness replied that he had made that remark.

Reddy then brought up the matter of Ottinger's conviction of misdemeanor for having issued a scalper's circular, and desired to have it go on record as a test of Ottinger's credibility as a witness, but Judge Wallace declined to entertain the motion.

Racing at San Jose. SAN JOSE, Oct. 4.—Running stakes for two-year-olds, 1/2 of a mile: Ledalla won, Estrella second, Beta third; time 1:32.

Running stakes for three-year-olds, 1 mile: Early won, Lottie Mills second, Elwood last; time 1:45 1/2.

Running stakes for all ages, 1 1/4 miles: Fannie F. won, Canby Scot second; time 2:11 1/2.

Running stakes for all ages, 1/2 of a mile heats: Joe Harding won in straight heats, Junia Pritchard second, Red Rose third, Junia distanced; time 1:32.

The Non-partisans Left Out. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—The Board of Election Commissioners, by vote of 4 to 1, today denied the application of the Non-partisans for a party designation on the municipal ticket. It is understood the Non-partisans will at once apply to the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus to compel the commissioners to grant the desired heading.

A Mischance at Large. TACOMA (Wash.), Oct. 4.—The notorious Count Leo de Claude, who was recently sentenced to forty days in the Government penitentiary at McNell's Island, escaped yesterday. De Claude was convicted here of sending obscene matter through the mails. The reason for his escape is thought to be fear of arrest for other crimes.

The State Grange. SAN JOSE, Oct. 4.—The State Grange began its session here today. About 200 delegates are in attendance and more are expected. This evening an address of welcome was delivered by H. V. Moorehouse and a response by E. W. Davis, the master.

The Charleston's Movements. SAN DIEGO, Oct. 4.—The cruiser Charleston, now outside for gun practice, will return to the bay tomorrow and a company of the naval reserve will go aboard at 1 p.m. for drill that afternoon and through the week.

Peck Produces His Proofs. ALBANY (N. Y.), Oct. 4.—State Labor Commissioner Peck returned from New York tonight. While there he had a talk with Josiah Quincy at the Democratic national headquarters and gave him transcripts of tables E and F, which show constructive trades 17, 084 invidual increases in wages in 1891 over 1890 and in 1891 there were only sixteen decreases. These tables will appear in Peck's report on the effect of the tariff on labor.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH. Austrians won the great race with German army officers... The Democratic ticket was elected in Florida... Tennyson is dying...

Several persons were killed during an affray in a church at Stevens, Mo.... Dewey has made a statement that not 100,000 American voters are opposed to home rule for Ireland...

Wayne McVeagh has written a long letter giving his reasons for going over to the Democrats... National League baseball magnates were in session in New York... Whitlaw Reid addressed an immense gathering at Boston... McNulty, the San Francisco murderer, has been granted a stay of execution by Justice Lamar... The Association of Democratic Clubs held a convention in New York city... The trial of Elwood Bruner, for bribery, is in progress at San Francisco... Religious sects in England are engaged in active polemics... Mrs. Harrison's condition is less favorable... Minister Egan has returned from Chile.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY. Interest in the fair at the Pavilion on the increase... Great sport at Agricultural Park yesterday and a sensational programme arranged for today... Planing-mill destroyed by fire... Speech of Judge R. M. Widney on the issues of the day... Meeting of the Republican City Central Committee... Business transacted by the Police Commissioners... Meeting of the Baptist Sunday-school Association at Pomona... Weather and crops.

THE RACES.

A Days' Events at Louisville and Morris Park. LOUISVILLE, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The track was deep in dust. David fell in the sixth race, breaking his leg, and had to be shot.

Five furlongs: Too Quick won, Cora Taylor second, Queen Regent third; time 1:04 1/2.

Six furlongs: Reading won, Salvation second, Brackett third; time 1:16 1/2.

St. Ledger stakes, 1 1/4 miles: Semper Rex won, Irish Chief second; time 2:59 1/2. (Two starters.)

Free handicap, 1 mile: Protection won, Bob L. second, Goldstone third; time 1:45.

Seven furlongs: Odrey won, Critic second, Henry Jenkins third; time 1:30 1/2.

Six furlongs: Miss Terry won, Hindoo Gam second, Marietta third; time 1:18.

Morris Park, Oct. 4.—Six furlongs: The Iron Master won, Julien Orr second, Corie third; time 1:10 1/2.

One mile: Russell won, Speculation second, Kilkenny third; time 1:40 1/2.

Five and one-sixteenth: Cynosure won, Diablo second, May Win third; time 1:48.

Mount Vernon stakes, 6 furlongs: Helen Nichols won, Gov. Foraker second, Ajax third; time 1:11.

Fall Test handicap, 1 1/4 miles: Yorkville Belle won, Candelabra second, Pickpocket third; time 2:08.

Six furlongs: Sport won, Gifford colt second, Marshall third; time 1:12 1/2.

THE VEILED PROPHET.

He Again Greets His Loyal Subjects in St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] Amid myriads of electric lights and the glories of a matchless night, stirring notes of a thousand musicians and showers of sparkling, hissing, scintillating rockets, bombs and candles, greeted by a throng of over half a million loyal subjects, the Veiled Prophet, escorted by a magnificent pageant of twenty-two gorgeous floats, made his fifteenth annual appearance tonight. Proceeding to Merchants' Exchange, the Prophet and retinue entered the magnificently appointed ballroom again to greet his assembled subjects. The scenes were of magnificence never before rivaled in the city.

Buffalo Slayers Escape. DENVER, Oct. 4.—State Game Warden Gorman, who with a party has been pursuing hunters who have been killing buffalo in Lost Park, returned today and reports that he heard that thirty buffalo had been killed and the hunters are not yet captured. He says settlers near the park are wild with excitement and vow to kill the hunters if they are captured. The penalty for such vandalism provided by law is very light.

Receiver for a Rotten Concern. NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The Supreme Court has appointed a temporary receiver of the Guarantee Alliance of Elmira, N. Y., upon application of the Attorney-General, in a suit for its dissolution. The concern is an assessment insurance order. An investigation showed that it exceeded its powers in doing business and was illegally and fraudulently insolvent. The liabilities exceeding assets by \$10,000.

Foul Play Indicated. OMAHA (Neb.), Oct. 4.—The body of C. G. Miller, Mayor of South Omaha, was found in the East bottoms tonight with a bullet hole in the head. Friends scout the theory of suicide, and there is a rumor that some of the gamblers of the "Magic City" are responsible for the murder.

The Edison Company Wins. NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The United States Court of Appeals has affirmed the decision of the lower court in favor of the Edison Company against the United States Illuminating Company. The decision involves the right to use the incandescent light.

Five Children Poisoned. WICHITA (Kan.), Oct. 4.—On Sunday night at Ferret, five children of J. B. Bailey, a railroad employe, were poisoned in some mysterious manner. Two died during the night and the others are just alive. The poisoning is a mystery.

Manitoba Murder Mystery. WINNIPEG, Oct. 4.—A. S. Pinhorn, a wealthy rancher in McLeod district, was found shot dead in bed last night. The affair is surrounded in mystery. Deceased was a nephew of Sir Stanley Hill, M. P.

TIGER REID.

Whitelaw Reid on the Tammany Iniquity.

"Big-Man-Afraid-of-His-Platform"

Cleveland's Latest Title.

A Great Speech Before an Immense Boston Audience.

Other Political Doings—Wayne McVeagh Explains His Reasons for Becoming a Turncoat—People's Party Snowed Under.

By Telegram to The Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] Music Hall and Faneuil Hall were both filled to overflowing tonight when the Republicans ratified the State and national nominations with speeches by Whitelaw Reid, Gov. McKinley and others.

Mr. Reid was given a flattering reception. He eulogized the achievements of the Republican party and dwelt on the changes threatened by declarations of the Democratic platform. He continued:

"It has been said that Democrats do not do what they say they will. If you take that view, why encourage a party that does not intend to do what it promises, and if its promises are admitted worthless, what guarantee have you, if you give it the power, against its going even further than it has threatened? Is the tiger so amiable and playful a creature that it is worth while to turn him loose out of mere curiosity to see what he will do? That the Democratic party demanded these changes everybody knew. But something happened since last Tuesday. They have been demoralized. The letter of acceptance discloses a figure which our original friends of the Far West would describe as 'Big-Man-Afraid-of-His-Platform,' and the party gazes in perplexity and alarm on the candidate who accepts his nomination, but has not yet shown either the candor to accept or the courage to repudiate its principles.

The three vital points in the platform are State bank, reciprocity and tariff. On two of them his letter is absolutely silent, while he writes all around and about the third, through half his letter, without being able to say in straightforward language whether protection is unconstitutional as his party declares it, or right and expedient as the Jefferson and Andrew Jackson declared it. But he does tell us that tariff reform is still his purpose; that is to say, the business of the country must have no peace. Everything must be once more unsettled and the whole tariff must be turned over again to be tinkered by a Congress of that party, which, at Chicago, declared by nearly two-thirds majority for the English as against the American system and pronounced protection unconstitutional. No qualifications or omissions or generalities and assurances of harmless intention can blind voters to the fact that however much Mr. Cleveland may regret it, as an honorable man, he is bound hand and foot to the platform of his party at Chicago, just as the world knows he is today bound to the car of triumphant Tammany of New York.

"We deny that there has been an increase of prosperity since the McKinley bill went into operation," says Cleveland's platform. New York's Commissioner of Labor Statistics, Bank Commissioner and Board of Equalization say there has been, and reports from officers in other States confirm them.

Speaking of the discussion of the elections bill Mr. Reid said:

"The question involved is, shall every citizen of the United States lawfully entitled to vote be permitted to vote and have his vote fairly counted? The Republicans say 'Yes'; the Democratic platform practically says 'No.' Cleveland, in this case, has the courage frankly to say 'No' to the platform. If this Democratic opposition means anything, it means nullification of the fourteenth and fifteenth articles of the Constitution.

Speaking of restoration of the merchant marine, Mr. Reid said:

"The Republican party has frankly adopted the methods other nations have found necessary and has voted subsidies to our ships carrying our mails. Moreover, one of the fastest and largest ships in the world have been secured for a transatlantic line; four more are to be constructed, and even with these six we shall have equal to the best that enters English ports. That is the Republican position in this respect. What does the Democratic platform say about it? Nothing. What does Cleveland say about it? Nothing. There is one party in this campaign that does not find it needful to slander the country; that does not seek for calamities and does not read its colored revival meeting at Stevens, twenty miles northeast of here, Sunday evening. On Saturday a colored youth, Mike Turner, whipped another negro boy. The latter swore vengeance, and Sunday afternoon entered the meeting and drawing a revolver wounded a Mrs. Keys at the first shot. Several of those present drew revolvers and took sides for and against the boy who started the shooting. When the smoke cleared away three men were dead and several wounded.

A Pair of Gamblers Cliched.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—A few days ago Thomas Martin, a stockholder in the Economic Gas Company, applied for a receiver, alleging bad management. Nobody knew Martin, but today it was learned the scheme was originated by Joseph William and William Skakel, two well-known gamblers, to beat the stock and sell it short. They were a little slow in getting up their margins and today the brokers closed them out, entailing a loss to them of \$16,000.

An Old Man's Wonderful Walk.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Major John Magona, an Oregon pioneer, nearly 80 years of age, arrived here today, having walked from John Day City, Or., since July. He started for Chicago that day, aiming to get here in time to witness the dedicatory exercises at the World's Fair. The old gentleman is in fine health and says he had a pleasant trip all the way. He goes back by railroad after the dedication, so as to get home to vote.

Foreign Missions Commissioners.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—The eighty-third annual session of the American Board of Commissioners for foreign missions began here this evening. The meeting promises to be an important one; one of the most important matters to come up being the question of church representation.

The New York Apportionment.

ALBANY (N. Y.), Oct. 4.—The apportionment cases, involving the constitutionality of the new apportionment law, came up in the Court of Appeals this morning. After arguments by both sides the court took the papers and reserved decision.

Fear He Had Cholera.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Lugi Bono, an Italian ragpicker, was found dead in a basement in Crosby street today. The health authorities fear cholera.

BASEBALL.

National League Magnates Have a Meeting.

The Finances of the Organization Under Discussion.

The Season Made Unprofitable by Last Year's "Dead Horse."

No Change in League Membership Probable Next Year—Boston and Cleveland to Play Off the World's Series.

By Telegram to The Times.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The National League baseball magnates held a secret meeting here today and this evening. It is understood the conference was for the purpose of debating ways and means of making good the \$10,000 shortage in notes given for the purchase of Association clubs. The amount to be paid them was something like \$132,000, and it can be readily imagined what a drain it has been upon the clubs to make the notes good. It was found that seven of the twelve clubs made more money last season, but were worse off financially on account of the drainage occasioned by the sinking fund.

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CAMPAIGN OF 1892.

National Republican Nominations.

For Vice-President—HERBERT HARRISON.

Republican Congressional Nominations.

For Sheriff—JAMES C. CLINE.
For County Clerk—T. H. WARD.
For County Auditor—FRANK E. LOPEZ.
For County Recorder—ARTHUR BRAY.
For Tax Collector—J. B. WALKER.
For District Attorney—JAS. MCCLACHLAN.
For County Treasurer—JAMES HANNUY.
For Public Administrator—M. KILPATRICK.
For Coroner—H. G. CATER.
For County Surveyor—C. A. ENSIGN.

Supervisor Nominations.

11th District—J. W. FRANCISCO.
12th District—JAMES HAY.
13th District—W. W. STOKESWELL.

Justices and Constables.

For City Justices—J. L. CLEGG, J. G. P. PHIBBS, W. M. YOUNG.
For Township Justices—J. D. ROBERTS, R. L. STEWART.
For Constables—J. L. STEWART.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

W. H. WORKMAN.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic City Convention.

J. A. KELLY.
Candidate for CITY CLERK.
Subject to the decision of the Republican City Convention.

CHAS. S. GILBERT.
Candidate for CITY CLERK.
Subject to the decision of the Republican City Convention.

W. H. BONSAILL.
Is a Candidate for the Position of CITY AUDITOR.
Subject to the action of the Republican City Convention.

HENRY GLAZE.
Candidate for CITY AUDITOR.
Subject to the decision of the Republican City Convention.

M. GARLAND.
Is a Candidate for the Position of CITY AUDITOR.
Subject to the decision of the Republican City Convention.

LEN J. THOMPSON (INCUMBENT).
Candidate for CITY TAX AND LICENSE COLLECTOR.
Subject to the decision of the Republican City Convention.

ROBERT D. WADE.
Candidate for CITY TAX AND LICENSE COLLECTOR.
Subject to the decision of the Republican City Convention.

CHARLES W. SEAMANS.
Is a Candidate for CITY TAX AND LICENSE COLLECTOR.
Subject to the action of the Republican City Convention.

GEN. JOHN R. MATHEWS.
Regular Democratic Nominee for STATE SENATOR, THIRTY-SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.
Election Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1892.

JOHN C. CLINE.
Regular Republican Nominee for Election Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1892. (After word Republican X.)

FRANK M. KELSEY.
Regular Republican Nominee for PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.
Election Tuesday, November 8, 1892.

A. W. FRANCISCO.
Regular Republican Nominee for SUPERVISOR, SECOND DISTRICT.
Election Tuesday, November 8, 1892.

M. T. COLLINS.
Regular Democratic Nominee for SUPERVISOR, SECOND DISTRICT.
Election Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1892.

ROBT. N. BULLA.
Republican Nominee for ASSEMBLYMAN, 75TH DISTRICT.
Election Nov. 8, 1892.

TROWBRIDGE H. WARD.
Regular Republican Nominee for COUNTY CLERK.
Election Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1892.

ARTHUR BRAY.
Republican Nominee for COUNTY RECORDER.
Los Angeles.

F. E. LOPEZ.
Regular Republican

TO LET.

To Let—Houses.
TO LET—ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE
and convenient 7-room cottages in the city
at 713¹/₂ Flower st. Permanent tenant by the
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ment cellar, all in perfect order. Call at real

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ing-house in the city; furniture for
sale on liberal terms; none but responsible parties
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25th st.; rent \$4 a month; also 4-
room cottage, 309 N. Figueroa st., rent \$10 with
water. Apply at 426 S. MAIN ST.

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rant, valuable lease and furniture, \$3500. G.
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way

T TO LET-225 N. GRIFFIN AVE., 5
rooms. E. S. FIELD, 139 S. Broadway.

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TO LET—5-ROOM FLAT, BATH, GAS electric bell, etc. 110 W 10TH ST.
TO LET—NO. 345 S. HILL ST., A FLAT of 4 rooms.
To Let—Furnished Houses.
TO LET—\$40; NICE 9-ROOM RESIDENCE on Broadway, completely furnished; rent only \$30 per month. NOLAN SMITH, 228 W. Second.
TO LET—ALL NICELY FURNISHED that beautiful home, No. 1500 Figueroa ST. WESLEY CLARK, 127 W. Third st.

TO LET—A FINE LIST OF ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSES, all sizes.
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TO LET—WELL FURNISHED cottages, 7 rooms, Seventh st. Apply WM. F. MARSHALL, 128 S. Spring st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, 7 rooms and bath. E. & FIELD, 139 S. Broadway.

To Let—Rooms.
TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH
without board, one block from corner
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city; rooms large, sunny and elegantly
furnished. **MRS. D. W. FOOTER**, 121 N. Hill st.

TO LET—THE NOBLE WINTHROP
320 1/2, 332 and 334 E. Spring st., over Ald
Furniture store, furnished, and unfurnis
rooms. **HENRY E. BLEWEND**, proprietor.

TO LET--LARGE, WELL FURNISHED front room with fireproof vault, in basement of **WILSON'S BUILDING**, COUNTESS ST. and 10th St. **entrance on First St.**

TO LET--A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL front room on first floor, at **TEMPLE and 10th St.** **entrance from Courthouse** **rent only \$10 per month.**

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To LET—2 SUNNY FRONT ROOMS, keeping room and kitchen, all furnished and close in. cheap. 432 S. HOPE, bet. Fourth

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large, desirable rooms, with modern con-
veniences, with housekeeping privileges.

TO LET—"CALDERWOOD," 308 S. MA
at; furnished rooms, single or en su-
with private baths; best house in city.

TO LET—THE BELMONT, 425 TEMP
at, nicely furnished rooms, single or
suite, with board, at reasonable rates.

TO LET—3 FURNISHED ROOMS
nicely situated, one-half block from electric car line. 1923 LOVELAND AVE.

TO LET—TWO OR FOUR NICELY FURNISHED
housekeeping rooms at 218 BOULDER ST., near Third and Los Angeles sts.

TO LET—4 UNFURNISHED ROOMS
housekeeping; all modern conveniences. Adults only. 938 S. OLIVE.

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM for housekeeping; 2 rooms; \$10; 3. \$15.
\$16. 412 S. HOPE ST.

TO LET—2 NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 235 S. HILL.
also 2 front rooms.

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS. PARKER HOUSE, Fourth street.

TO LET—A LARGE, SUNNY FRONT room, nicely furnished, on first floor. S. HILL ST.

TO LET—PLEASANT FURNISH rooms for light housekeeping. 602 PEARL

TO LET—A NEAT LITTLE BEDROOM \$2.50 per month. 635 W. FIFTH ST., Hope.

EXC. LET. ST. NICHOLAS & NICHOLAS

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TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS; Possibility of light housekeeping. 637 S. H.

TO LET—3 UNFURNISHED ROOMS with or without bath. 833 S. SPRING.

TO LET—FURNISHED SUITES

TO LET—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS AT LOW RATES. 608 BANNING STREET. 518 REGENT

TO LET—1, 3 OR 4 ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, CLEAN, CONVENIENT. 214 ROYAL

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room 48, Phillips Block.

TO LET—PART OF STORE. INQUIRE AT 216 S. BROADWAY.

To Let—Miscellaneous.

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
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MRS. KRUSE, MIDWIFE, GRADUATE from Hamburg, Germany; refer from leading physicians. Call 508 E. First.
MRS. DR. J. H. SMITH - SPECIALIST in midwifery; ladies cared for during confinement, at 727 Bellevue ave. Tel. 1119.



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The Los Angeles Times

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Guaranteed Daily Circulation in September, 11,076 Copies.
Exceeding the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

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Security to American homes!
Protection to American industries!
Encouragement to American capital!
American commerce and honest money!
A free ballot and a fair count!
Reciprocity and the Old Flag!

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.
For President.....BENJ. HARRISON.
For Vice-President.....WHITEHALL REID

The Times is for sale at the Occidental Hotel news stand, San Francisco, price 5 cents per copy.

1492-1892.

The day of days is nearing—October 21, 1892—the quadricentennial anniversary of the discovery of America by immortal Christopher Columbus.

The Los Angeles Times has fixed upon this historic and glorious date for the issuance of a special illustrated Columbian Number, to consist of twenty-four pages (besides a four-page illustrated supplement,) descriptive of Los Angeles and Southern California.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

AT THE THEATRE—Clothilde.
AT THE OPERAHOUSE—The Mountebanks.

The town is as full as a tick.

It is now in order to change the name of that town to Lowadena.

QUEER isn't it? but it isn't always the fastest horse that wins the race.

Why not adopt the Chicago River shade as the proper color for Chicago?

Isn't it about time those Regents took a fall out of Holden, the unobserved?

The political pot has probably sprung a leak; anyway it stubbornly refuses to boil.

PERHAPS Spellbinders White and Estee have developed an impediment in their spellers.

The bloody shirt is waving over the alfalfa patches of San Berdoon at a great rate.

Just think of a person like Grover coming down with a dull thud. Won't it be awful?

WEAVER and Lease found Richmond, the old original hotbed of Treason, decidedly odorous.

WHILE Cleve is doing the placating act he should try his large, fat hand on Gen. Dan Sickles.

CHANCEY DEFEW may wear English clothes, but his language is unadulterated United States.

Is this the sort of weather the Populists bring us with their convention, we move to adjourn.

A VERY fine, superbly written illustrated article on Columbus appears in this morning's Times.

"GEN." STEVENSON carries his enthusiasm around with him in a flat flask holding about one pint.

It is pretty hard to tell which is keeping up the most riotous silence—Gorman, like Gray or Chris Evans.

"CHRIS EVANS" has written The Times a letter, but we have given the waste basket the benefit of the scoop.

It isn't too late, we would suggest that the name of the place be changed to Hoggo before the fair begins.

HAS Dave Hill caught the tonsillitis, too. You wouldn't think a couple of speeches would wear a man out like that.

PEOPLE used to say "a fool and his money soon parted." It is now changed to "Ada Rehan and her money."

PRIVATE LAWS, of Homestead notoriety, is now a clerk in a Pittsburgh store. He has likely been in retirement letting his hair grow.

DON DICKINSON'S whiskers in the East and Olin Wellborn's jaw in the West are a couple of issues that have much in common.

A CORRESPONDENT is advised that he is in error. Detectives Burke and Smith have not been entered for this week's races at the park.

THE World's Fair people will oblige us by stating how much it is going to cost to stand out on the prairie next year and look into town.

BOURKE COCKRAN has the sore throat, and no wonder. He swallowed that crow, claws and all, and is suffering from the caws of it.

GROVER hires his substitutes at the wrong time. If he had had one to write that letter there would have been some excuse for him.

The gentlemen who sent in to this office a large bunch of quails to be edited is assured that the matter is fast stuff and will be run.

THE Troy Press has "busted" into song; just hear its "bust":
The campaign deepens, on with a whoop,
Ye who rush to glory, or the soup.

SPECIAL CAMPAIGN OFFER.

We offer to send the LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES for three months from October 1st, or through the Presidential campaign and to the 1st of January, 1893, together with the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE for twelve months, to any mail address, both for only TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF, cash in advance. In these two papers you can get the history and outcome of the Presidential campaign, full, fresh and complete, besides a mass of other timely information. SUBSCRIBE NOW!

Cleveland Gave the Precedent.

In 1888 when Grover Cleveland was President of the United States, there was some trouble about George M. Dusk, who had been suspended from the United States District Attorneyship of Alabama. A resolution was adopted by the Senate calling for correspondence relative to the case. To this President Cleveland responded in a message to the Senate saying that he regarded as "purely unofficial and private" certain papers and documents which were "addressed to me or intended for my use and action, not infrequently confidential, and having reference to the performance of a duty exclusively mine. I consider them in no proper sense as upon the files of the department, but as deposited there for my convenience, remaining still completely under my control. I suppose if I desired to take them into my custody I might do so with entire propriety, and if I saw fit to destroy them no one could complain." How would it do for the Democrats to apply this vein of philosophy to the case of Labor Commissioner Peck of New York? Mr. Peck did only what Mr. Cleveland told the United States Senate he had a right to do if he chose. However, the Democrats are bad at following precedents.

The following are Commissioner Peck's reasons for refusing to violate the confidence imposed in him, as given in his affidavit in answer to a mandamus:

1. That he was obliged not only to promise this secrecy in some cases, but to promise to make it a general rule, in order to get anything like full returns.
2. That he followed the method of obtaining such reports adopted by the labor bureaus of the United States and of all other individual States having such bureaus.
3. That he made the same promise and the same rule of secrecy in 1892 that he had made in 1888, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890 and 1891.
4. That the labor bureau officials of seventeen other States corroborate him in the position that it would be impossible to get correct and reliable information without the pledge of secrecy.
5. That the pledge included the promise that the details of information furnished should not be published and should not be preserved as a part of the official records or file, but should be treated as his private property.

Every man who does a large business understands the necessity for these pledges. He knows that he would not be willing to intrust the details of his business to any outside parties under any ordinary circumstances. He may be willing to make such a sacrifice, however, for the public good, or in order to make the figures complete, so that the Legislature can have a reliable basis to work on in dealing with the interests of the laboring man; but he naturally wants to be assured that his rival will not be permitted to profit by the use of his figures. Hence the universal custom and pledge of secrecy and its necessity.

More Reciprocity.

Costa Rica is the latest to be added to the list of countries with which the United States has established reciprocity relations. A special committee of the Congress of that country has reported in favor of a treaty with the United States, and the report is very certain to be adopted. The additions to the free list in favor of the United States include agricultural products, such as corn, beans, oats, rye and rice, also coal and all forms of lumber, mining machinery, agricultural implements, apparatus for irrigation, materials for railway construction, including rails, structural iron, etc. Altogether the new arrangement will relieve American exporters to Costa Rica of the payment of about \$300,000 in duties annually, while we simply continue to admit coffee duty free. This is the practical fashion in which the United States, under the McKinley law, is gaining access to the markets of the world. We already have reciprocity treaties with Salvador and Guatemala, and Costa Rica and Nicaragua will soon be added to the list, thus bringing the greater part of Central America within the sphere of American commercial predominance. And the good work of extending the markets for American products will be continued if the American people continue to give their confidence to the administration which has already accomplished so much in that direction.

The Only Excuse That Has Been Made

so far for rotten-egging Gen. Weaver and his wife at Macon, Ga., is presented by the Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald, in this cheering and neighborly spirit: "They did nothing to Gen. Weaver. They do not visit on each other. They treated him precisely as they treat their own eminent politicians. They get excited and call each other liars, and fight and bring all sorts of accusations against

their respective leaders. It is nothing to howl down a speaker. It is less to castigate an opponent. They are just turbulent. Gen. Weaver was not the first man to smell rotten eggs. Gen. Grant in this campaign in Georgia. He was merely a victim of one of the customs of the country.

This makes it appear that Mrs. Lease and sufferer Weaver have no kick a-coming.

A MAINE veteran who marched in the procession at Washington has forty-eight scars, an empty sleeve and an artificial eye to prove that he was in the late unpleasantness. His name is J. F. Chase, a member of the old Fifth Battery of the Pine Tree State, and he is one of "the dirty beggars" that Grover Cleveland "slapped in the face."

CHICAGO, true to her blood-sucking characteristics, has drained Ada Rehan to the tune of \$10,000 for copying the silver statue to be placed on exhibition at the fair from that charming player's face and figure. Ada finds that "statues" come high, but she probably had to have it and she got it for the tidy little sum of 10,000 cart-wheel dollars.

If a man murders another man he has no use for up in Shasta county. His next feat is to die by suspension of the figure from a robust sapling or a telegraph pole full of redwood splinters. A train robber or a man killer has no more use for Shasta county than Grover Cleveland has for Dave Hill.

The way some people are abusing Christopher Columbus nowadays, one would think he was running for office instead of being a long time dead. But perhaps they have got the old man confused with Chris Evans.

"CALAMITY JIM" on-ed to Richmond only to discover that the hold-over egg crop was about the same there as it was in Georgia. They were sure-enough calamity eggs, too—the kind that never hatch—all same Jim.

A MISTAKE has been made in suppressing the "horror" feature of the fair. Our Democratic friends could have viewed it and thus become accustomed to the horror in store for them next month.

"PUBLIC officials are the agents of the people," says the sage of Gray Gables in his letter. Cert, Grover, and the people are not going to make any change in the agents now holding down their jobs.

HARRIET MURDOCK can get her little old thousand-dollar ode printed in this paper at the usual advertising rates. Top of column next to reading matter, f.o.b. p.d.q. t.f. e.o.d. Terms, cash in advance.

AN up-country paper says Evans and Sontag are in a country where they cannot be taken alive. All right, guess we can let them die of old age up there, can't we?

THE people down South seem to vote all right enough, but when they get to counting they are as woefully and unreliable as a fountain pen.

JIM WEAVER declares that he can't tell the difference between a Georgia egg and one raised in Virginia to save his life.

THE Texas building on the World's Fair grounds is architecturally as bad as that State's politics.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE.—Jeffrey Lewis, in the play of *La Belle Russe* at the Los Angeles Theatre last night, scored another pronounced success. In the rôle of "Gertrude Colthorpe," she does wonderfully artistic playing, which stands her as one of the greatest dramatic stars now before the public. She was efficiently supported, the complete cast being as follows:

Capt. Dudley Brand.....Harry Mainhall
Sir Phillip Calthorpe.....H.S. Darnell
Monroe Quillon.....H.S. Darnell
Robert.....Arthur Livingston
Benton.....George Miller
Leigh.....Phona McAllister
Agnes.....Miss Constance
Little Seaside.....Mabel Bowman
Geraldine Calthorpe (La Belle Russe).....her original creation, Jeffrey Lewis
Tonight (clothed), in which Miss Lewis has achieved quite as great renown as in her other characters, will be the attraction, and as it is the occasion of a benefit for the Clerk's Association a great audience will presumably be in attendance.

The appearance of the handsome theatre was added to by the full display of incandescent lights, which were not available on Monday evening, owing to the non-arrival of certain essentials from San Francisco.

GRAND OPERAHOUSE.—*La Cigale* was repeated at the Grand last night, Miss Russell and her company being again the recipients of a splendid reception. Tonight *The Mountebanks* will be given for the first time here.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.—Daniel Sully, the eminent American comedian, commences a three-nights' engagement at the Grand Opera-house to-day, the 6th inst., opening in *The Millionaire*, his very successful drama of the period, which was presented here last season. There will be a change of bill at each performance, including the matinee on Saturday afternoon. On Friday evening Mr. Sully's domestic comedy, *Daddy Not, Paddy Yes*, will be given, and for the matinee his first great success, *The Corner Grocery*.

That sterling English melo-drama, *The Mountebanks*, will be the attraction at the Los Angeles Theatre Thursday and Friday, October 6 and 7. This great play is now in its sixth season and has as yet shown no signs of diminishing in popularity. The season it will be entirely replenished with new and gorgeous scenery and effects, making it practically an old favorite in a new dress. Manager Davis has always served one principle in the production of *The Mountebanks*, and that is, that no play can be successfully presented without the players. The result of which is that he has produced this piece with a great company. This season the cast includes several of the members of the original company.

My Lover Sang.
He sang, my lover sang
Amid a lullaby throng
Who deemed for them the song:
But ah! I knew not on that throng.
The song my lover sang.

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ANNE VIRGINIA CULBERTSON.

SOLID FOR HOME RULE.

Depew Thinks This Country is a Unit for Gladstone's Plan.

New York, Oct. 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The Evening Telegram has this:

One of the most extraordinary statements by Gladstone in his remarkable home rule reply to the Duke of Argyll is his declaration that "a gentleman belonging to the Republican party and in the first rank of public distinction in America, told me before the last Presidential election that 13,000,000 votes would be cast in it, and that number 12,500,000 would be favorable to the cause of Ireland." The author of the statement it has been learned, was Chauncey M. Depew.

"Yes, I remember making that statement to Mr. Gladstone," said Mr. Depew this morning. "I believed it then; I more firmly believe it now. I was in London at the time, and was invited by Mr. G. to dine to a dinner party given as a compliment to me. It was Mr. Gladstone who asked me pointedly just how Americans regarded his home rule scheme at that time. I replied that out of the 13,000,000 voters at the last Presidential election I did not believe there were 500,000 who were not in favor of home rule for Ireland. I will supplement that statement now by saying that if the question of a test I do not believe there are 100,000 people in the United States who are not in favor of Gladstone's plan for Ireland."

"COONEY THE FOX."

The Cronin Suspect Was Once Arrested in Los Angeles.

No Question but What Tom Coleman and Thomas Geoghegan are One and the Same Man—Identified by His Picture.

In last Sunday's issue of THE TIMES was printed an Associated Press dispatch from Chicago to the effect that the long-sought murderer of Dr. Cronin, one of the most sensational crimes of late years, had supposedly turned up in the person of one Thomas Geoghegan, a prisoner confined in the Oregon penitentiary under the name of T. Coleman. The dispatch stated that the man was a well-known crook and that he called with the description of a Cronin suspect who had been known to leave Chicago for the Pacific slope shortly after the murder, and that the information from Portland stated that application had been made to the Oregon officials by the Chicago authorities for the man.



Thomas Geoghegan, alias Tom Coleman.

On the day following the publication of the dispatch further particulars were received from Oregon, containing the statement that the authorities of that State had received no intimation further than a mere suggestion of suspicion that Coleman was suspected of complicity in the murder. And further, that Coleman was serving out a term of imprisonment for assault with a dangerous weapon. He was described as being of very smooth appearance, and when told of the dispatch connecting him with the Chicago crime, said he would have no difficulty in clearing himself of the charge. He said also that he had formerly lived in Chicago, but during the past five years had resided in various places in the Western States, and that he was once known as Carlson, but never as Geoghegan. The prison "trusties" said that Coleman answered very nearly the description of "Cooney the Fox," who drove the white horse and took Cronin to the Carlson cottage, where the murder was committed. Coleman admitted that he knew Dan Oughlan, who was sentenced for life for Cronin's murder. The prison officials stolidly denied any knowledge attaching suspicion to Coleman, though the prisoner also admitted that when he was locked up on the charge of murder, which he is now serving sentence for, he remarked that he "guessed it was on account of the Cronin matter," but when asked by the Associated Press reporter if he was in Chicago at the time of the Cronin murder, he made a direct reply and merely said that he was not at home at the time. He, however, denied ever saying that he was arrested in Oklahoma as a Cronin suspect.

HIS RECORD IN THIS CITY.

It now appears that Coleman, or rather Geoghegan, for there is no doubt but what that is his real name, was once arrested in this city, and but for a miscarriage of justice would now be in the California penitentiary in place of Oregon. The man, who is known to the authorities all over the country as a daring pickpocket and all-round crook, was arrested in this city on the 21st of March, 1890, by Detective Henry Russell, together with another crook named Ed Kauffman, but who gave the name of T. W. Morton. Geoghegan giving the alias of Tom Coleman. They were caught in the act of pocket-picking, and the authorities had a dead case against them. As is the custom, the men were photographed at \$300 cash bail, which was taken by Justice Lockwood and quietly pocketed, this fact coming out when Lockwood himself became a criminal and finally absconded to escape the penitentiary. The two crooks lost no time in getting out of town, and for a time all trace of them was lost. In due season information was received from Chicago identifying Coleman as Geoghegan and Morton as Kauffman, and it was given to the authorities in other cities for identification. In the meantime, however, the men were released on \$300 cash bail, which was taken by Justice Lockwood and quietly pocketed, this fact coming out when Lockwood himself became a criminal and finally absconded to escape the penitentiary. The two crooks lost no time in getting out of town, and for a time all trace of them was lost. In due season information was received from Chicago identifying Coleman as Geoghegan and Morton as Kauffman, and it was given to the authorities in other cities for identification. In the meantime, however, the men were released on \$300 cash bail, which was taken by Justice Lockwood and quietly pocketed, this fact coming out when Lockwood himself became a criminal and finally absconded to escape the penitentiary. 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FOUR GOOD RACES.

Great Sport at Agricultural Park Yesterday.

A Large Increase in the Attendance Over the Opening Day.

The Southern California Handicap Won by Lady Gwen.

Midnight the Winner of the Ladies' Stake—The 2:35 Trot Captured by Vera and the 2:35 Pace by Pomona—Events Today.

The attendance at the Agricultural Park yesterday was much larger than that of the opening day, and there is every reason for the belief that there will be a marked increase in the crowds every day during the remainder of the week.

Although the regular race-goers have turned out with unfailing regularity, it has been very evident that the country visitors and other outsiders have been deferring their visit to this city until the great free-for-all races were completed, for, as more interest is manifested in these events by the general public than in all the rest of the meeting put together.

The late arrivals from the outside section of the country of stock for exhibition arrived yesterday morning and all the stalls and pens are now occupied. The display is a very creditable one and well worth more than a casual inspection, as most of the animals shown are excellent types of the various classes they represent, especially in the equine and bovine divisions. The work of awarding the premiums will be commenced this morning at 9 o'clock sharp, but in view of the fact that there is such a big programme today, the stock parade will not be held until tomorrow or Friday.

The horsemen are very much inconvenienced by the lack of facilities for watering their stock, the present system being entirely inadequate for the supply necessary, when so many horses are quartered at the track, as at present, and considerable dissatisfaction was manifested on this score. The directors attempted to accommodate them by hauling water from the big well and tank, but with little success, and something should be done immediately to ameliorate this condition of affairs.

The track, not having been sprinkled in the morning, was not quite so fast as on the first day, and a strong breeze from the southwest which blew down the stretch in the early part of the afternoon prevented any fast time being made. The sport provided was, however, excellent on the whole.

The directors will confer a favor on their patrons today by calling the first race at 1:30 o'clock sharp, as the programme is a big one and a great many of the spectators must leave the track early in order to catch their trains for their country homes.

FIRST RACE.

The day's sport commenced with the Southern California handicap, a three-quarters of a mile dash, for which a purse of \$400 was hung up. The starters were Sid, Pescador, Lady Gwen and Prince's First. The last named was constituted favorite, selling in the pools at \$20, against \$15 for Lady Gwen and \$10 for the field. Just before they went to the pole, Lady Gwen sold for \$8 only for some imperceptible reason, the other pools remaining as before. The talent received a severe set-back, as the favorite was headed off at the head of the stretch, and, after a ding-dong finish, lost the race by two-thirds of a length from Lady Gwen. The flag finally fell to an excellent start and the four ran together to the tank, when the favorite forged to the front. At the half-post, however, Pescador moved up and assumed the lead, a neck in advance at the turn. Turning into the stretch Lady Gwen commenced to move up and Sid dropped back. As they came up the stretch, all under the whip, Lady Gwen on the outside overhauled the favorite and after an exciting finish landed under the wire the winner by two-thirds of a length from Prince's First, who just beat Pescador for second place by a head; time 1:16 1/4.

THE LADIES' STAKES.

The next event was the Ladies' stakes, five furlongs, for all ages, which brought out the three sprinters, Midnight, Lillie Hayes and Myrtle. The first named was a hot favorite and although the talent were forced to pay \$20 for him in order to win \$7 for the field, they recouped their losses to some extent, as he won both heats.

First heat—Owing to the tardiness of Midnight, whose owner was fined \$5 for the delay, the other two horses were kept fretting at the post for some little time, but as soon as the favorite joined them, Starter Smith sent the trio away in tip-top style. Midnight soon took the lead, with Lillie Hayes at his withers, Myrtle trailing three lengths behind. At the turn Lillie Hayes lost ground and Midnight drew away from her coming up the stretch and won handsily by an open length. Myrtle heavily escaped being shut out. Time 1:02 3/4.

Second heat—Midnight was very obstreperous at the post and caused another delay, but the trio was finally despatched upon even terms. Midnight again took the lead and maintained it to the half-mile post, when the others, who were running well together, collapsed him. The little black, however, gained half a length at the turn, and Myrtle fell back the same distance from Lillie Hayes. Whips and spurs were hard at work as they came up the stretch, and it looked as though Lillie Hayes proved herself to be, she was unable to recover her lost ground, and Midnight scrambled home the winner by half a length. Myrtle finished two lengths behind. Time, 1:02 3/4.

THE 2:35 TROT.

There were eight contestants for the next event, the 2:35 class trotting race. Vera, Conn, Alco, Gen. Wiles, Ab Waltham, Wilkes Moor, Charles Steinway and Florida. In the pools Vera was a red-hot favorite, being forced from \$20, against \$10 for Conn and \$7 for the field, to \$125, against \$30 for Conn, and \$13 for the field.

After the first heat, however, which was won by Gen. Wiles, lots of pools were sold at \$20 for Vera, and \$10 for the field, and those who took the short end were rewarded by seeing their favorite carry off three straight heats.

First heat—After scoring for twenty minutes the eight received the word. Charles Steinway and Gen. Wiles took the lead, Vera, Conn and Wilkes Moor being close up, Alco and Florida bringing up the rear. At the quarter Wiles went to the front and Vera, who was moving very fast, took the second

place from Steinway. They were all strung out as they went down the stretch, but at the half Vera commenced to creep up behind Gen. Wiles and Steinway and Conn were overhauled in dangerous proximity to the leader she broke badly. She was never able to regain her lost ground, and Gen. Wiles came up the stretch alone, winning the heat by three lengths from Vera, who was two lengths in advance of Conn. Florida was shut out and Alco narrowly escaped a like fate. Time 2:26 3/4.

Second heat—Soon after the word was given Wiles went to the front, with Vera at his wheel and Steinway close up. At the quarter Conn moved up to third place, but broke badly and dropped back. The rest were strung out in the following order: Wilkes Moor, Alco, and Ab Waltham. On the backstretch Vera closed with Gen. Wiles and a pretty race ensued to the half, when the latter gave way. The favorite rapidly increased her lead until she was fully three lengths ahead at the three-quarter mark. At this advantage she easily maintained to the wire, and Wilkes Moor was third, and Ab Waltham distanced, Charles Steinway running in to escape a like fate. Time 2:23.

Third heat—The favorite got slightly the best of the start and at the quarter post the order was Vera, a length from Gen. Wiles, two lengths ahead of Wilkes Moor, Steinway, Conn and Alco. Vera had increased her lead to six lengths at the half, the rest being strung out behind her, and at the last turn was ten lengths in the lead. Conn came with a rush up the stretch, but broke badly and Wilkes Moor got second place. Vera reaching the wire three lengths ahead of him under a pull. Conn was third and Gen. Wiles last, just getting inside the flag. Time 2:28 3/4.

Fourth heat—It was dusk before they came out, but no time was lost. Vera again took the lead and maintained it all the way, winning the heat, race and first money. Conn made an effort to get on even terms with the favorite at the head of the stretch, but was too tired, and was three lengths in the rear when she finished. Wilkes Moor was third, Steinway fourth and Gen. Wiles distanced, the pace being too hot for him. Time 2:25 3/4.

THE 2:35 PACE.

The last event was the 2:35 class, pacing race, for which Pomona, Nellie L, Rita and Fred Mason competed. Pomona was favorite at \$20 in the pools against \$8 for the field, and she justified the opinion formed of her by winning the race in three straight heats, without any trouble.

There is little to be said about the race, as Pomona took the lead in every heat at the start and maintained it to the end. Rita and Fred Mason were distanced in the first heat, but came as she was Nellie L. was outfooted by her speedier opponent.

SUMMARY.

South California Handicap—Purse \$400; three-quarters of a mile. E. A. Neame's b. m. Lady Gwen, by Joe Daniels-Emma (Berry), 117 lbs. 1 E. R. Dennis' ch. c. Prince's First, by Prince of Norfolk-Lillie (Hastie), 121 lbs. 2 D. R. Dickey's b. c. Pescadore, 3, by Gano-Media Howard (Long), 115 lbs. 3 Sid, 117, also ran. Time, 1:16 1/4.

Pools sold: Prince's First, \$20; Lady Gwen, \$8; the field, \$10. Mutuels paid \$20.

The Ladies' Stakes—A sweepstake for all ages, \$50 added; five-eighths mile heats. George Sherman's bl. g. Midnight, by Accident-Santa Barbara Belle (Hastie), 122 lbs. 1 T. A. Case's br. f. Lillie Hayes, by Clip Springer-Lady Fleet (York), 107 lbs. 2 E. A. Neame's ch. f. Myrtle, 3, by King Daniels-Mollie Rea (Berry), 107 lbs. 3 Time, 1:02 3/4.

Pools sold: Midnight, \$20; the field, \$7. Mutuels paid \$7.10, \$0.75.

Trotting, 2:35 class, purse \$200: L. J. Rose's b. m. Vera, by Stamboul-Garred (L. J. Rose, Jr.), 2 1 1 1 Henry Delaney's br. h. Wilkes Moor, by Guy Wilkes (owner), 5 3 2 3 J. B. Kelly's b. h. Conn, by Isaac (owner), 4 4 3 2 Bell & Griffin's ch. g. Charles Steinway, by Steinway (Griffin), 3 6 4 4 Chino Ranch's ch. g. Alco, 5, by Albion (McPherson and Maben), 6 5 5 5 G. P. Tibbott's b. h. General Wiles, by McGregor's Black Hawk (Pattinson), 1 2 6 6 Elias Williams' b. h. Ab Waltham, by Bob Mason (owner), 7 dis A. N. Snull's br. m. Florida, by Dan Rice (Guthrie), 4 dis Time 2:26 3/4, 2:23, 2:28 3/4, 2:25 3/4.

Pacing, 2:35 class, purse \$400: M. Lattin's b. h. Pomona, by Albion (Maben), 1 1 1 1 C. M. Aiken's br. m. Nellie L, by Booth, Jr. (Pattinson), 2 2 2 2 G. Tedford's b. f. Rita, by Idler (owner), dis L. Snodgrass' b. g. Fred Mason, by Bob Mason (Gainer), dis Time 2:20, 2:23 3/4, 2:24.

TODAY'S PROGRAMME.

Today's programme savors of the sensational order, and the prospects are that the great free-for-all pace will be contested in the presence of the largest crowd that has been seen at the local track for some time past. The entries are as follows:

First race—Sunset purse, one mile; all ages: Donna Lila, \$4 pounds; Sid, 122; Prince's First, 122; Moonflower, 100.

Pools sold last night—Donna Lila, \$20; Field, \$10; Moonflower, \$4.

Second race—Sprinter's stakes, half mile; all ages: 112 pounds: Pescador, 117; Waif, 101; Midnight, 122; Ben H., 117.

Pools sold—Midnight, \$20; Waif, \$14; Pescador, \$12; Ben H. and Dinerio \$5 each.

Third race—Free-for-all pace, purse \$1500: Silkwood (2:13 3/4); W. Wood (2:11 3/4); Our Dick (2:12) and Tom Ryder.

Pools sold—Silkwood, \$100; W. Wood, \$60; Our Dick, \$41; Tom Ryder, \$11.

Fourth race—Trotting, three-year-old colts stakes: Vera, King Stamboul and Harry Winchester.

No pools were sold.

The great hackney stallion, Cadet, recently purchased in England by H. J. Cassatt and due very shortly to arrive in America, is described as follows: Cadet is a dark chestnut, 15 hands 8 inches high, foaled in 1884. He has an illustrious pedigree, being by Lord Derby II, dam the thrice champion Princess, by Denmark, grand-dam Empress, by Playaway. He is the sire of numerous winners in the English ring, among them being Edgemont, Cassius and Pepita, all of whom won the first prize and cup at London. The latter was recently imported by H. McK. Twombly of New Jersey, at the highest price ever paid for a hackney mare.

Butter! Butter! Butter!

Twenty-five cents per pound, the celebrated Elgin creamery at the old postoffice, between Sixth and Seventh, on Broadway, R. B. Kachlein, proprietor.

You Should buy only vehicles made by the Columbus Buggy Co. Why? Because those who once use them will have no other. They are best in quality, style and finish. Hawley, King & Co., No. 210-12 N. Main street.

PATRONIZE California Industries by ordering L. F. Double Extra Brown Stout superior to any foreign made Stout or Porter. Jacob Adloff, agent.

CHEESE, Roquefort, Swiss, &c, Stephens

INSTANTANEOUS Chocolate at H. Jevne's

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court Opinion Received for Filing.

Decision in a Railway Damage Suit Reversed and Cause Remanded.

A Brakeman Not Entitled to Damages for Injuries Received.

Suit to Foreclose a Mortgage—A Husband Granted a Divorce for Desertion—General Court Notes—New Suits.

An opinion was received yesterday for filing by Deputy Clerk Ashmore of the Supreme Court, in the case of Edgar Long against the Coronado Railroad Company for damages resulting from an accident to the plaintiff while in defendant's employ, the case coming upon an appeal of the defendant from the former judgment rendered in favor of the plaintiff and from an order refusing a new trial. As stated in the complaint the plaintiff, Long, was engaged in the employ of the said railway company, and in the coupling of some freight cars he received injuries from which he has since suffered, and was by the Superior Court awarded judgment as prayed for. The matter being appealed, the Supreme Court, in view of the evidence offered, holds that the plaintiff was injured while connecting the cars at his own risk, and that he was fully aware of the attendant danger at the time, and that it was not the fault of the railway company directly, but more so that of fellow-workmen, if any one, in causing the cars to move while such coupling was being made. The Court therefore reversed the judgment and the case was remanded for a new trial.

Court Notes.

The case of Henry Thomas vs. G. M. Samson et al, for foreclosure of mortgage of \$8000 on certain lots, coming regularly for trial in Judge Van Dyke's court, the defendant's motion for continuance was denied and judgment ordered for plaintiff as prayed for.

The defendant in the case of Monroe vs. Foster, an old contempt cause, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Shaw, the defendant being held under recognizance already given.

In Department Five a motion to correct the transcript in the Sewall Cordage Company vs. Richardson-Granger Company, was denied by Judge Clark. The Los Angeles National Bank case against J. Willy Wallace et al. was listened to by Judge Clark and a jury in Department Two yesterday, resulting in the demurrer of defendants to amended complaint being sustained and further amended complaint filed. In Department Two Judge Clark ordered an accounting and distribution of the estate of E. Bluet, deceased, confirmed the sale of realty in the estate of W. F. Ahear, by S. B. Gordon, and granted letters of guardianship to A. M. Stephens for the custody of B. A. Ryan, a minor. Letters of administration in the estate of Peter Lunny, deceased, to Edwin Baxter were also granted.

J. A. Thomas was granted a decree by Judge McKinley, divorcing him from Martha V. Thomas, upon the plea of desertion. Argument in Department Six in the case of San Jose Ranch Company vs. the Azusa Water Ditch and Irrigation Corporation, was continued yesterday, and findings and judgment ordered for defendants in cause. Cornelius Conwell vs. William S. Taylor et al.

Mrs. Sepulveda appeared yesterday morning before Deputy District Attorney McComas, complaining against certain parties who keep a lodging-house, the names of whom she did not remember, who had forcibly ejected her from their premises without due cause, after she had paid rent in advance for rooms. The District Attorney issued a complaint against the persons for battery.

Fred Brothman was up yesterday afternoon before Judge Smith and a jury in Department One on a charge of retaining an officer. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty and the defendant was discharged.

George Roschl, a native of Germany, was admitted to citizenship by Judge Smith yesterday afternoon.

In the Town and Justice Court the matter of the People vs. Twine, the colored politician who has made threats of killing his wife, again was taken up and a postponement ordered until Thursday.

Wong Fat, a Celestial residing at Puente, swore out a complaint against Joe Platt of the same place yesterday on a charge of battery, claiming that said Platt had assaulted him without cause.

New Suits.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

Jennie S. Pierce vs. Ella S. Smith et al, for foreclosure of mortgage of \$3411.12, with interest, involving a promissory note.

John J. Downey vs. John Weldon, suit to compel payment of rent on lot. Petitions for letters of administration on the estates of J. B. Holden and Isabel Manriquez were also placed on file.

Today's Calendar.

DEPARTMENT TWO—Judge Clark.

Wier vs. Vail, suit of claim and delivery.

DEPARTMENT THREE—Judge Clark.

Mt. Shasta Manufacturing Company vs. Cooperative Land Company, for money due.

DEPARTMENT FOUR—Judge Van Dyke.

Decker vs. Keahler, to quiet title.

DEPARTMENT FIVE—Judge Shaw.

Barclay et al. vs. Lalonde et al, for payment on services rendered.

DEPARTMENT SIX—Judge McKinley.

Buchan vs. Butcher, for an accounting.

THE SUPERVISORS.

The San Pedro Election Precinct Divided—County Hospital Improvements.

At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors held yesterday the San Pedro election precinct was ordered changed, being divided into two precincts, to be known as No. 1 and No. 2, the first embracing all that portion of the San Pedro election precinct as heretofore established, lying on the westerly side of the center line of Sixth street, in said town of San Pedro, and all of the remaining portion of said San Pedro election precinct as heretofore established, lying on the easterly side of said center line, composing election precinct No. 2.

On motion of Supervisor Davis it was ordered that one McDowell be allowed to remove certain encultypus trees on the Washington street road to Santa Monica.

It was also ordered that the superintendent of the County Hospital be authorized to build an addition to stable sheds at the hospital yards, the expense in such construction to be limited.

HEINEMAN & STERN'S Meats—Stephens

Great Reductions in Rates

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America's Peerless Seaside Resort

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From Los Angeles, Pasadena, Pomona, San Bernardino, Colton, Redlands, etc., to Anaheim and Santa Ana, all \$21.00, including one week's board in \$3.00 or \$3.50 room. Privilege of staying in the hotel at any time.

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Thursday Morning, Oct. 6, 1892, at 10 o'clock.

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15,000 TO 20,000

Hermosillo, Sonora,

Sweet Orange Trees!

One, two and three years old from the bud. All the Sonora varieties among them. First sale of the Sonora outside of Mexico. For particulars address

Gen. Luis E. Torres,

Ensenada, Lower California, or Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico.

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J. F. McCLURE, Manager this Office.

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142 and 144 NORTH SPRING-ST.

J. T. SHEWARD,

113-115 N. Spring st.

THERE is no longer any doubt about the supremacy of our dress goods department. Today we offer the choice of a very large lot of wool dress patterns for \$2.75 for suit. The enormous growth of this department puts vim and enterprise in the prices. By an examination you will see at a glance the value far overreaches any offering in all this country. Another lot of double fold dress goods; full suit for \$1.75. Topping over prices and largely increasing trade; and in this connection we say again and again our 50c line is the most exceptional bargain ever offered in this city. Over 200 different styles, and the choice may be had for 50c a yard. Goods worth 85c, 75c, 65c, any of them for 50c a yard. The 50c line draws trade. The suit for \$2.75 is another big drawing card. They have value; they have style; they are new goods. We close Saturday nights; no other dry goods house does. They all exact thirteen hours a day for lady clerks. Workingmen work nine hours. What a travesty on justice. Thirteen hours of constant toil from lady clerks and nine hours for able-bodied men; and where is there a man in all this city who will say nine hours is too short a time. Cloaks for \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$5.00; any of them are worth double. Finer cloaks for \$10, \$12.50 and \$16.50. The grandest line we have ever shown at \$20 to \$37.50. Only one or two of a kind in the finer grade. This is decidedly to your advantage. The assortment is very large and the goods of the finer grades are all made by men tailors. Plain and fur-trimmed garments are taking the lead. All the late style finer grades have the lap seam.

In the finer grades of dress goods we show storm serges, French and English broadcloths, meltons, whip cord serges, V-shaped weaves, Bengalines, and a large variety of fancy weaves. Our dress goods department is complete in every detail. This season above all others we have the stock and the largest variety of styles we have ever shown.

Voluntary Testimonials.

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DR. WOH,

The Eminent Chinese Physician.

Dr. Woh's life work has been from early youth one of persistent and untiring observation, study and investigation, as fully as lay in his power to perfect himself in all branches of the art of healing human sickness and disease. Born in China, of influential parents, of a family whose ancestors have been for generations deservedly renowned as leading physicians, Dr. Woh naturally followed in the footsteps of his fathers. In China he has practised his profession for several years, being at one time a physician in the Imperial Hospital, and in America for a long time. His great number of patients, his wonderful and many cures, and the great list of letters from grateful and thankful patrons now prove him to be a remarkable and successful healer of sickness and all diseases.

For a long time

HALSTEAD.

The Fire of the Daily Partisan Press.

The Field Marshal Compares the Opposing Political Parties.

The Sun's Fight on the Force Bill is a Lasting Joy.

Mr. Cleveland's Long-delayed and Elusive Letter—The Democracy and Its Confederate and British Issues Need a Thrashing.

Special Correspondence of The Times.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The confused condition of the Democratic party is well advertised in the editorial pages of the newspapers in New York city that we are accustomed in Democratic campaigns to find with the Democracy. Begin with the News. It has good words to say for Cleveland, and probably has as much real influence in the Democratic ranks as any other paper, for it is largely circulated and not ill-mannered and is persevering. The name of the responsible old editor, Ben Wood, is on the paper signed and delivered at Chicago declaring the deadly disaster the nomination of Cleveland would be. The Journal of Commerce is a merchants' paper and does not enter into political contests except in a way so grand and far off that only the few are impressed. Its advertising pages give the commercial history of the city. It has come down to us from a former generation. The people who read it believe it and do as it says. Fortunately they are not numerous. The New York Evening Post is the one sheet that has fought Tammany with deadly weapons, and made a business of dealing out the criminal history associated with that organization. It was the dagger and battle ax of the anti-snappers, and personally very close to Cleveland. But the Presidential candidate for a third time has forgotten there were any differences of opinion between himself and Tammany, and his only hope of election is in the help of his old foe, the Post's "semi-criminal society." This rather spoils the novelty of the editorial splendor of the Post. The field of the able editor is no longer the world, and missionary work is very restricted. The Times is in pasturage that is extremely dry. The dust is on the grass and the shrubbery has quite dried up. The favorite theme of the Times has been the inquiry and insignificance of David B. Hill, and now nothing can be said of the Senator, for if he does not do something more than talk for Cleveland the Democratic campaign must close with disaster. Cut off from banqueting on Hill, the Times has a hard row to hoe in the cornfield. Their abuse of Republicans becomes monotonous and is not satisfying. It is the strange fate of those who were the friends of Cleveland before the Chicago convention that since his nomination they have been condemned to servile silence, and he is absolutely in the hands of his enemies. When one of his friends makes an old-fashioned noise, he is smashed as a fool. The Journal is a picturesque sheet and has to please a constituency largely Democratic in disposition. The World has become highly abusive and publishes all the old backward trash of politics, and tosses the stars and stripes as if it were to the nostrils of the editorial department new-mown hay. Its attacks upon Wainwright and Elkins have been hysterical. They are venomous, but there is imparted to them a tint of absurdity. The laugh comes in the wrong place if the World means to be serious. The passion of the World for purity just now reaches the extravagance and excitement in energy of an epileptic attack. The World has been protesting that there must be no ballot-box stuffing, no manipulations, and it proposes to protect the civil service from partisan politics. Above all, the World is particular about the use of money, and the jimjam jerks of the editorials are up to the high mark of baboon gymnastics. The application of the World's force pump to purity is powerful, and the essential essence of purity passes from the brain nozzle in a fine spray. The World has driven well of its own purity. It seems to have tapped an old sewer for spring water, but it boils the water. We suppose it must be the great leader of the Democratic party. Once in a while a good friend of the World's readers when it will cease to hold up by the tail the several continents that we infer must have been confided to its care. The Sun makes fun. The delicious anxiety of the Sun that the blacks shall be prevented from taking possession of the solid South is a joke. The Sun has rendered the Force Bill a constant delight. There are many thousands who feast upon the Sun's Force Bill articles. It has not a patent on them, but they are exclusive all the same. The advice it occasionally betrays upon Cleveland is given with commiserating consideration. There is no doubt Cleveland understands it. There are six weeks to come of the campaign, and then there will be a change of scene. Several settlements will take place. One can see the accounts running up. The praise the Sun showers on Stevenson is truly wonderful; it tells how the statesman from Illinois knocked out a circus at Charlotte, N. C., the most difficult thing an orator can do. Mr. Stevenson had the Force Bill in hand. Such details as the counting that a man elected Governor in a Southern State by 45,000 majority and the appeal for United States marshals at the Congressional elections in that State to check the horrid audacity of the Democratic fraud machines never give the Sun a moment's pause. The Force Bill joke goes on and the "stroke of idleness" in the substitute tariff resolution is pooh-poohed aside. The style of antagonism to the Force Bill that the Sun has made popular is the apotheosis of fraud and the elephantine of folly, and will fill a chapter in political history of its own. The Herald has Democratic tendencies, but its advice was not taken in Chicago, and there seems to be a good deal of real independence in the way it is made up. The editorials are not often controversial, and there is reliability about the political news that fill so many of its pages. Its news has a prestige, and the old popular superstition of the Herald abides. The Herald is rather a New York city than a Democratic newspaper, but New York city is Democratic. Taking the journals of the city reported to be Democratic, and the party does not get much out of them thus far in the campaign. Aside from the hysteria of the World, the devilry of the Sun and the news of the Herald there is not much to compensate the multitude in our Democracy for its pennies and nickels invested in the newspapers. The Republican newspapers in New York, for the first time in my recollection, are more than holding their own with the Democratic. The Tribune, Press, Re-

cord, Advertiser and Mail and Express, are like a battery of quick firing artillery. Such work as they are doing ought to tell on the general result. I shall not undertake to characterize the Republican press further than to say that the information the work alike of editors, reporters and correspondents—they are remarkable and worthy of the cause—and the Republicans are in grand shape. The campaign has not been one of much noise and display, but it has been full of roughness, and the position of the Republicans is so strong they have been quite serene about it, while the Democrats have been slow in putting their assaulting columns in motion. If the apathy of which so much is said is to be broken, it should be done by the Democrats. The Republicans have only to hold the fort. They are entrenched. There is no obscurity about their principles, nothing doubtful or difficult about their candidates. The main matter is first, do the people of this country prefer the character of the Democratic to that of the Republican party? Mr. Harrison represents his administration and Mr. Cleveland represents his administration. The Harrison administration has been distinguished by good works at home and abroad. We have added sugar to the free list and have half a dozen valuable treaties in the pocket. Our ports are open. Upon this enlargement of the free list rests the McKinley tariff law. A mere revenue tariff was removed that protective duties might be laid on other articles—those that we can and do compete in producing. Among the articles that are now better protected is tin plate, and there is no reason why we shall not produce it as well as we do steel rails. Shall this system be abolished? The Democratic party says it must be ended because it is unconstitutional and a fraud! That would seem to be a very plain issue. Shall we vote to wipe out protection and reciprocity? That is the first and foremost question, and as we enter the last weeks of the campaign we find the Democrats trying to get away from their own declaration of war.

They can hardly recommend themselves to the business interests of the country in that war, for it was neither brave nor fair. If the tariff is unconstitutional and a fraud it ought not to stand a day; but now, we are told, the Democrats would touch it gently and judiciously. Such hypocrisy is a discredit to the Democracy. It is cowardly, and their one virtue through all their faults has been courage. The attempt to "straddle" the tariff, after all, shows two things. First, the Democrats feel that the division and the issue made so rugged against them. Second, the Democratic party has not got the moral force, the general intelligence or the constructive capacity for any reform whatever, and least of all for tariff reform. The Republicans continue sound and rational on the money questions. They are as they have been, bimetalists—for gold and silver—approving the French rather than the English system. They, and not the Democracy, have preserved the public credit, upheld the money standard, opposed the raids of the inflationists, and the Democrats have encouraged, and they are for the practical way of preventing the prodigious swindle contemplated in the change of the standard of money. But along comes the Democratic party with the old greenbackers, the graybackers, the Ter men, the cheap money men, and behold they adopt a British gold plank and amble into view as the true champions of the best money! But if we examine this we find the Democrats are even more divided and discordant and doubtful and illusive in their money than as related to their tariff squabbles. They combine with their British gold plank a proposal to restore the bunco State banking system, and so we have together bunco banks and British gold. The Democrats offer the combination of the nullifiers and the Confederates—the American Nation who for British interference to break up the Union—the British gold plank, which is to put an end to the silverite and bunco banking, which to the Confederate Democratic mind offers an alternative to the grayback issues and inflationary paper in providing an abundant and worthless money to pay debts with, the really great Democratic principle of finance being that the cheaper the dollar the greater the relief of the people. Is there anything in this business programme that should fascinate the millions of the American Nation who are soon to express their preferences and attract them away from the familiar lines of prosperity, from the Harrison programme of "new factories, new ships, new markets?"

Mr. Cleveland, according to the accounts of his own friends, has no information about the tariff that should interest or influence the people. He became President ignorant and indifferent to the subject. He did not know whether he agreed with Carlisle or Randall. Then he took a few lessons, and selecting the course of least resistance, he issued his message, which he felt, after reading Mr. Blaine's reply, had probably provided for his defeat in the campaign of reflection. Then he began to desire to retract in a circuitous way—to moderate, modify, explain, soften. He had himself interviewed by a man who was not a free trader or a destructionist—all the usual twaddle of a statesman of extravagance of expression caught in a corner of his own phraseology. He was dissuaded. Then his private secretary appeared at St. Louis in 1888 with a tariff cradle, which was suppressed and the original copy put away by Gorman. He was dosed with his own medicine (so far as it was intelligible), and defeated. In four years his "frequent misgivings" reappeared at Chicago, and the platform that dashed the tariff was rudely amended. Of course the usual season of evasion declared itself, and again the Democracy are saying that what they say means very little, and that when there is anything to do they will be very slow and careful. They mean to get up a reputation of conservatism on their own record of incompetency. It must be the public judgment that there is no call for their services in directing the affairs of the Nation at all. The Democrats have got nothing to offer that the people require. Incapable of policy, they can afford to be inconsiderate. Tariff legislation is important in all civilized countries. There is no business more troublesome, none more intricate and complex. No living Democrat has given evidence of mastering the subject. The tariff reform of which Mr. Cleveland spoke for two years, and told of in his campaign of education as though he felt able to be the schoolmaster of the land, is as unstable as the aurora borealis.

Mr. Cleveland's long-delayed letter of acceptance is studiously illusive. He throws no new light on the subject, but endeavors to make the old fog-bank show up as an architectural design. The Democratic party, therefore, goes before the country on its character in combination with that of Mr. Cleveland and demands power. It wants to be trusted on the strength of its reputation and that of Mr. Cleveland with all departments of the government. Well, "we, the people of the United States," have never given them the Government since they surrendered

it to go into rebellion—or, if the language pleases them more—since they abandoned it by the act of secession from Congress in the closing months of the administration of James Buchanan, the Democrats of the South leaving their seats when they were notified that their States had completed the formalities of getting out of the Union. They had Congress, then, both houses. What were they afraid of? What have they done since that has won or deserved to win the public confidence? They have had the Senate for a little while, the House under the Southern system several times, the Presidency once—not all together. Now that they are before the people with a Confederate British tariff platform and a British bunco money system, that they mean to uproot our industrial system as a fraud and lawless, are they to be trusted particularly? 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PASADENA.

Great Republican Rally at the Opera House.

The Campaign Opens in Earnest—Distinguished Speakers—Company B's Drill—Personal and Brevities.

The Republicans of Pasadena last night awakened to the fact that this is a national campaign year and that election day is only about four weeks off. The first general meeting of the campaign was held at the opera house, and whatever interest may have heretofore been lacking in matters political was more than offset by the hearty enthusiasm that was last night manifested. Before the hour for the opening of the meeting, the big auditorium and gallery were filled with interested spectators, and when the curtain raised shortly after 8 o'clock standing room was at a premium.

In the rear of the stage was a huge banner, bearing the word "Protection." To the right hung a large picture of William Harrison, while on the opposite side of the platform was suspended the companion piece bearing the familiar features of Whiteley Reid. The boxes were tastefully draped with flags and bunting.

The speakers of the evening arrived on the 7 o'clock terminal train, accompanied by the Seventh Regiment, Drum Corps and the First Volunteer Company of Los Angeles. They were met by a committee of the local Republican club and escorted to the opera house amid the shouts of approval.

J. A. Buchanan, president of the local Republican club, presided. Secretary Coleman read the following list of vice-presidents, who were invited to take the platform: Arthur Wood, W. Scott, J. W. Hughes, John McDonald, T. S. C. Lowe, B. M. Wotkins, W. B. Rowland, Calvin Hartwell, O. P. West, T. P. Lakens, M. H. Wright, Capt. A. Wakeley, Col. Chase, Capt. George T. Downing, B. F. Ball, P. M. Green, Judge H. W. McGee, W. E. Arthur, D. D. Painter, J. A. McQuinn, J. M. Brown, A. H. Conger, S. C. Thomas, Brown, Frank C. Bolt, S. Washburn, W. L. McAllister, Maj. J. A. Donnell, G. A. Garza, J. W. Wood, J. J. Vall, M. L. Clark, H. B. Rose, W. H. Wiley, Wesley Bunnell, J. R. Greer, Jr., Rev. L. F. Crawford, James H. Campbell, Benjamin W. Fahn, C. L. Gardner, Col. J. M. Irwin, George D. Patton, W. Williams, R. B. Knight, Fred Swift, Herman Dyer, N. S. Bangham, John T. Buchanan, W. S. Wright, W. R. Staats, W. C. Gilmore.

After a selection by the Pasadena band the chairman introduced as the first speaker of the evening Hervey Lindley, Republican candidate for congress from this district. Mr. Lindley, in the course of a fifteen minute speech, which was interrupted frequently by applause, after referring to the political outlook of affairs throughout the district, took occasion to outline his policy in the House in case of his election. Mr. Lindley said he would favor the National Canal, the improvement of the near-by harbors, and the protection of local industries. In the last connection special reference was made to the best support of soldiers, who were being quoted showing how these industries prosper under the McKinley law. Mr. Lindley further pledged himself to the earnest support of soldiers, wherever located, and in closing he stated that all he had and all he hoped to have is dependent on the prosperity of this State. In the course of his remarks Mr. Lindley paid a glowing tribute to Gov. Markham, to whom he referred as the "best Governor California has ever had," which elicited much enthusiasm.

The colored glee club, composed of a quartette of well-known local singers, then sang a selection, which made an instantaneous hit. Two encores had to be sung before the audience were satisfied. Maj. George E. Gard of Los Angeles was next introduced.

Mr. Gard started off, as did Mr. Lindley also, by paying a graceful tribute to the many ladies present, whose influence if correctly applied to their susceptible husbands, would result in an overwhelming majority for all the Republican nominees. High tribute was paid to the administration of President Harrison, who was mentioned as "the little man with the big head and clean record." Mr. Gard addressed some earnest words to any Republicans who might contemplate a vote for the People's party nominees. "Be a man or a mouse, but never a mugwump," said the speaker. It was asserted that Weaver stands no possible chance of being elected, and that every vote cast for him will aid Cleveland that much. A strong appeal was made to the old soldiers to cast their votes for Harrison, who has improved himself the friend of the country's defenders.

After a selection by the band "Uncle Billy Williams" was introduced as the principal speaker of the evening. It would be impossible to pen in few words the rich and of wit and eloquence that flowed from his lips for an hour. The distinguished gentleman took his hearers by storm at the start and held the close attention of all present as he had finished. A formidable array of facts and figures on the tariff question, showing the beneficial effects of the McKinley bill, were presented in a manner so blended with humor and anecdote that they received attention that would not otherwise have been accorded them.

Altogether the meeting was a great success.

CO. B'S COMPETITIVE DRILL.

There was a large attendance at the Armory Monday night to witness Co. B's competitive drill. A number of ladies were among the spectators, and the different factors in inspiring the competitors to their best efforts.

A non-commissioned officers' medal and a private's medal were competed for. Sergeant Coleman, who had held the former for three successive rounds, and Private Morton were the badges of honor at the opening of the contest. The latter, however, was over the prizes fell to other hands. The content in the non-commissioned officers' class finally settled down to Sergeant Coleman and Sergeant Case, and after a thorough drill the palm was awarded to the latter. Private Martin won the private's medal, his chief competitor being Private Bartlett. Col. W. G. Schreiner, Capt. Chapplear of Los Angeles constituted the board of award.

Sergeant Case was also presented with the Burbut medal for making the highest target score in the company during the past three months, and the Citizens' medal, the second prize, was awarded to Capt. Bangham. The bugle corps was out from Los Angeles, and after the drill Collingwood's orchestra furnished some excellent music for those who desired to participate in the light fantastic for a time.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Dr. Hodge—regular attendance at office today.

The hotels and boarding-houses are doing a big business.

A special meeting of the City Council will be held tomorrow evening.

The new terminal station will be ready for occupancy inside of a week.

Robert Leithard has assumed responsible position at the Raymond nurseries.

Messrs. Burrell & Morrison are once again partners in the transfer business.

The outlook is most promising for a large crop of deciduous fruit next spring.

The Shakespeare club will meet Friday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Theodore Coleman, No. 472 Benit Court. This

being the first meeting, all members are requested to be present.

The clouds yesterday indicated rain in the mountains. This caused the mercury to rise a trifle higher here.

Is it a dispensation of Providence or what that the Democratic mass-meeting and the female minstrel show happen on the same night?

John H. H. Rose was busily engaged yesterday circulating campaign literature of a fetching description in the good of the Republican cause.

Two horses fell into a cesspool a day or so ago on South Raymond avenue, and yet there are some people who claim that our sewer system is all right.

Messrs. Dr. Page, C. S. Cristy and D. Conner are also responsible for the slaughter of forty quails on Saturday, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

Street Superintendent Brown had a large force of men at work yesterday repairing South Raymond avenue, a work that will be much appreciated by operahouse patrons.

It is stated that a dead horse has been allowed to remain in a Union street stable for a couple of days, to the positive annoyance of the olfactory nerves of the residents in the immediate vicinity.

A number of tickets were sold yesterday for the opera house, which musical opera is to be presented at the opera house Friday night under Prof. Kyle's direction by a company of local juveniles.

Stephen M. White will discuss tariff issues from a Democratic standpoint this evening at the opera house. People of all political complexions are invited to be present to hear what this distinguished orator has to say.

Messrs. Chamberlain leaves today via the Denver and Rio Grande for a visit with friends in Chicago. On her way back she will visit relatives and friends in Iowa. She expects to return here about January 1.

The Young People's Christian Endeavor Society of the First Congregational Church will give a season tomorrow evening at the church parlors in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of the organization of the society.

McDonald, Brooks & Co. are making some noticeable improvements on the front of their office on Colorado street, which include the remodeling of the entire exterior and the putting in of a large plate-glass window.

A meeting of those interested in Chautauqua work was held Monday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Stevens, on North Raymond avenue. The attendance was large and enthusiastic. Two circles were organized and a third may follow.

Duncan Clark's female minstrels will hold the boards at Williams Hall tonight. The manager of the troupe, Mr. J. J. Clark, says of the performance: "Duncan Clark's female minstrels appeared at the Grand last evening to a very good audience. The performance was a very good one, and no doubt will be largely attended this evening."

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Rate of Taxation for the Coming Fiscal Year—Notes and Personal.

The following rate of taxation for the fiscal year 1892-93 has been fixed by the Common Council. Tax for general city purposes, \$1 on each \$100 in value of the taxable property. For free public library, one-half mill on each \$1 of taxable property. Outfall sewer bond tax, 4 1/2 cents on each \$100. Boulevard bond tax, 16 1/2 cents on each \$100.

At yesterday's meeting of the Supervisors a number of names were added to the indigent list, and viewers were appointed in several road matters.

The report of the County Treasurer for September shows a balance on hand September 30 of \$76,580.11 as against \$87,000.61 for the same month last year. The receipts were \$348.9, and the disbursements \$14,415.50.

The jury in the case against Covarrubias, charged with robbery, disagreed and the case was set for a new trial. The charge against Rodriguez, his alleged accomplice, was also dismissed.

The law and motion calendar and the session calendar will be called in the Superior Court on Thursday, the 6th, instead of Friday, the usual day.

Mayor Gaty returned from San Diego yesterday.

The steamer Santa Rosa, arriving from the north yesterday afternoon, brought twenty-five passengers for this city.

Mr. Owen, who has been visiting relatives in this city several months, left yesterday by the Santa Fe route for Trinidad, Colo.

M. A. Baugh left the city yesterday for Chicago, going by the Santa Fe.

H. T. Chiles and wife leave today for the East via the Santa Fe short line. They go direct to their home, Paul Valley, T. T. Wood has been received from Sheriff Broughton that his return from San Francisco will be delayed several days. He has almost completely recovered from the recent amputation of his arm.

Tennis players of this city are talking of organizing a club. Several fine asphaltum courts are contemplated.

Certificates of nomination for the county offices are being filed with the County Clerk. In holding the convention the following order was observed: Prohibition first, Democratic second, Republican third. In filing the certificates the order was exactly reversed.

At the Santa Cruz Island Company, arrived from San Francisco yesterday.

Two night policemen have been added to the force as a result of the recent burglaries. Their beats are in the upper part of the town.

A number of Santa Barbara people are attending the Los Angeles fair.

H. W. Lawrence went to Los Angeles yesterday afternoon.

F. H. Knight returned from San Francisco yesterday.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

The Result of the Recent School Bond Election.

Bond Election.

The New Superintendent of the County Hospital Forcibly Installed—Another Important Step in Road Improvements.

SAN BERNARDINO.

The result of the special election last Saturday by which bonds to the amount of \$15,000 were voted for furnishing the new High school building, continues to absorb the attention of the citizens to a very great extent. The result of the election was a vote of 54-37 in favor of the bonds, and to the Board of Education and to the City Superintendent of Schools, as well as to all progressive citizens. This election has a bearing beyond the mere matter of completing and furnishing the new building. The wisdom and efficiency of the School Board in its official actions and the capability of Superintendent Frye were issues in the campaign and it was understood that the defeat of the bonds implied a lack of confidence in the board, and a condemnation of the methods of Prof. Frye. But the results were even better than the Board of Education had anticipated, a breeze almost overwhelming.

According to Dr. A. K. Johnson, who keeps a record of the weather, September had not one cloudy day, and there were twenty-eight rain and two fair days, and three foggy mornings. The highest temperature for the month was 95° on the 27th, the lowest 44° on the 18th and the mean for the month 70.2°. The greatest daily variation in temperature was 40° on the 18th, and the least 22° on the 21st. The mean relative humidity for the month was 54.3°. There was a breeze almost constantly during the day, but there were few windy days.

FAILED TO NOMINATE.

The delegates to the Democratic County Convention met in adjourned session at Barton Hall in this city yesterday afternoon, and attempted to fill out the nominations for county officers, but without success. There were candidates for Tax Collector, Treasurer and Auditor to be named, but the only name put in nomination was W. J. Blair, who is the People's party candidate for Tax Collector, and the convention refused to nominate him by a vote of 23 to 99.

A large Republican meeting was held at the City Hall last night to hear addresses by E. C. Seymour, senatorial candidate, and Dr. J. A. Woodhull, building a house on the Alta street.

Mrs. T. C. Harthorn is convalescing from an illness of several weeks.

Arthur J. Jackson and bride have returned from Santa Cruz, where they were recently married.

A theater train will be run on the Santa Fe this evening from this city to San Bernardino to "The Showaway."

John A. Hoff left yesterday via the Southern Pacific for Otis, Iowa, where he will make his home in future.

George W. Davis, who has been in this region on a pleasure trip, left yesterday via the Southern Pacific for his home at Brail, Neb.

There was a large turnout at the Republican meeting on Monday night to hear the speech of E. C. Seymour, Sheriff of the county. The Redlands orchestra furnished music.

Several members of the Redlands Guards went to Riverside to be present at the presentation by Capt. Doss of the gold medal awarded to the company for marksmanship at Long Beach.

The Colton schools opened Monday with an enrollment of fifteen more pupils than were enrolled at the opening of the schools a year ago.

John H. Morgan and wife are rejoicing in the advent of a son, born last Saturday. The position of cashier of the freight department at this place, made vacant by the promotion of J. A. de Yarnon to the position of agent at San Bernardino, has been filled by the appointment of Frank Donatelli to the place.

Rev. Mr. Rich left yesterday, and the new minister, Rev. Mr. Pittenger, is expected this evening.

Miss King, one of the teachers in the public schools, is ill at her home in Pasadena, and the place is being supplied by Miss de Berry of San Bernardino.

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Rev. Mr. Rich left yesterday, and the new minister, Rev. Mr. Pittenger, is expected this evening.

Miss King, one of the teachers in the public schools, is ill at her home in Pasadena, and the place is being supplied by Miss de Berry of San Bernardino.

A large Republican meeting was held at the City Hall last night to hear addresses by E. C. Seymour, senatorial candidate, and Dr. J. A. Woodhull, building a house on the Alta street.

Mrs. T. C. Harthorn is convalescing from an illness of several weeks.

Arthur J. Jackson and bride have returned from Santa Cruz, where they were recently married.

A theater train will be run on the Santa Fe this evening from this city to San Bernardino to "The Showaway."

John A. Hoff left yesterday via the Southern Pacific for Otis, Iowa, where he will make his home in future.

George W. Davis, who has been in this region on a pleasure trip, left yesterday via the Southern Pacific for his home at Brail, Neb.

There was a large turnout at the Republican meeting on Monday night to hear the speech of E. C. Seymour, Sheriff of the county. The Redlands orchestra furnished music.

Several members of the Redlands Guards went to Riverside to be present at the presentation by Capt. Doss of the gold medal awarded to the company for marksmanship at Long Beach.

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ORANGE COUNTY.

A Rather Stormy Meeting of the Santa Ana Trustees.

Santa Ana Trustees.

A Railroad Franchise the Cause of the Trouble—Preparations for the Columbian Celebration—General Notes and Personal.

SANTA ANA.

Monday night's meeting of the City Trustees was a stormy one. The cause of the clash of the elements was the bringing up of ordinance No. 134, an ordinance providing for an extension of time in the franchise of the Santa Ana and Westminister Railroad extending from the Santa Fe depot west to the limits of the city. Protestants were present with their attorneys, as was the president of the railroad with his attorney, together with a large number of interested spectators. Both sides contested for their rights, and a number of pointed remarks were made on both sides. The railroad company finally gained their point, the franchise being extended four months by the unanimous vote of the board.

All members were present at the meeting except Trustee Whitcomb, who is still confined to his home from an accident he received a week or more ago while working with a bus planer in the Grille Lumber Company's mill.

Reports of the City Recorder and city sewer manager were read and accepted.

A resolution of the Board of Trustees, fixing the rate of taxes for the current year, 1892-1893, designating the number of cents on each \$100 of the taxable property of said city, assessed by the County Assessor of Orange county and returned to the said board by the County Auditor of said county, in accordance with the provisions of ordinance No. 143, was read and passed.

An invitation from the Santa Ana fire department asking the board to attend a banquet at the Brunswick Hotel, to be given by them on the evening of October 6, 1892, was read and accepted.

Ordinance No. 134, an ordinance amending subdivision E, section 3, of ordinance No. 112 passed October 13, 1890, as amended by ordinance No. 144 passed March 21, 1891, asking for an extension of time in the franchise given the Santa Ana and Westminister railroad, which expires October 13, 1892, was read and on motion the time was extended to February 13, 1893.

Sealed bids to do the city tapping of water mains were opened. Bids were received from A. Butts, M. J. Bundy, Hardaway Company, J. W. Morrison and John McFadden. The bid of John McFadden being the lowest one made, he was awarded the contract, and the City Attorney directed to draft a contract for the same.

A committee of two was appointed to interview the Santa Ana Gas and Electric Light Company in regard to a continuance of the contract for the city water works according to the monthly schedule.

After the auditing of the regular monthly bills, the meeting adjourned to meet again on Monday evening, October 17, at 8 o'clock.

COLUMBIAN ANNIVERSARY.

The Columbian Anniversary Committee met Monday evening in the office of Victor Montgomery.

The matter of formulating a programme for the 400th anniversary celebration in Santa Ana, on the afternoon of October 21, was discussed at length, after which the following action was taken:

John Healey, Jr., was appointed to secure an orator for the occasion.

J. G. Quick was appointed a committee on music.

Phillips was appointed a committee on invitation.

The following named citizens were appointed to the committee on the program: Prof. G. W. McGinnis, J. P. Greeley, Dr. J. A. Crane, W. S. Taylor, W. H. Spurgeon, George Ford, Fred Rafferty, George Foster, Walter Tedford, J. W. Barnum, George Edgar and Prof. W. A. Packard.

All civic societies of the city were cordially invited to participate in the celebration.

Those appointed to assist in arranging for the celebration are invited to meet with the committee on Monday evening, October 19, at 8 p.m., in Victor Montgomery's office.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

The weather in Orange county yesterday indicated a coming storm.

Six burials were made with the City Recorder yesterday.

Frank Bunch and family left yesterday for an extended visit in Iowa.

F. M. Goff left yesterday for Chicago and the East on a prolonged business trip.

Harry Bundy came from Los Angeles to stay, intending to remain in this city for some time.

J. S. Pittman, deputy County Recorder, was called to Bakersfield yesterday on important business.

The County Recorder's fees for the month of September amounted to \$388.15 and the County Clerk's fees \$239.80.

With the coming of the month of October, Orange county seems to be enjoying the good warmth of summer in no uncertain degree.

Rev. J. C. Healy and family left yesterday for Rialto, San Bernardino county. Rev. Healy goes to fill the Methodist pulpit for the coming year.

Taxes are now due and payable and should be paid if property-owners desire to save additional expense by allowing the same to become delinquent.

The successful turn of beet-sugar affairs in Anaheim has awakened an increased interest in this city in the establishment of a factory in the southern portion of the county.

Sheriff E. C. Seymour of San Bernardino and Hon. W. A. Cheney of Los Angeles will address the Republicans of Orange county in Santa Ana this evening in Nellie's Hall at 7:30 o'clock.

M. E. Monaghan vs. city of Santa Ana et al., an action to quiet title, and Emma L. Ball et al. vs. W. A. Insley et al., an action to foreclose a mortgage, were filed with the County clerk yesterday.

Certificates of nominations by electors and by county conventions of all the political parties of the county have been filed with the County Clerk. When strung out they are several yards in length.

Bulletins will be posted at the TIMES branch office this afternoon giving the result of the heats in the great pacing race in Los Angeles today in which Silkwood, the pride of Orange county, is entered.

Under the penetrating rays of the sun the past two weeks, pears, prunes and figs, especially in this vicinity, have matured and ripened quickly, and it is noticeable that the rapid ripening process has the effect of producing an extra quality and flavor.

The oldest man in Orange county who expects to vote for Harrison and Reid this fall is Israel Shoudy of Garden Grove. His registration certificate shows him to be 88 years old. The registration books so far show fourteen men over 80 years of age.

The case of the people, with B. F. Pritchard as complaining witness, vs. John Sloan, both of Buena Park, on a charge of battery, occupied Judge Mark's court yesterday morning. The defendant was discharged after being lectured by the court.

A special train over the Southern Pacific Railroad will leave this morning at 10:45 o'clock for Los Angeles, to return to the race. Several hundred admirers of Silkwood will leave on the special to witness the great pacing contest today, in which Silkwood enters.

The Southern Pacific street car line was cleaned off yesterday. Cars will be started on this line today and, run during the time of the Los Angeles fair. Cars are now running to both depots and to Tustin. If a sufficient guarantee for the running evening.

At all these branch offices, news items, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.

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The following named

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, Oct. 4, 1892.—At 5 a.m. the barometer registered 29.99; at 3 p.m. 29.93. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 64° and 67°. Maximum temperature, 92°; minimum temperature, 62°. Character of weather, cloudy.

INDICATIONS.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—For Southern California: Fair, except showers in the mountains in the central portion and in the southwest coast; south to west winds; generally cooler, except stationary temperature in the extreme eastern portion.

WEATHER BUREAU.
Reports received at Los Angeles on October 4. Observations taken at all stations at 8 p.m., 7th meridian line:

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Maximum temperature.	Minimum temperature.	Rain in last 24 hours.
Los Angeles.	29.98	67	92	62	0
San Diego.	29.98	67	92	62	0
Pasadena.	29.98	67	92	62	0
San Francisco.	29.98	67	92	62	0
Sacramento.	29.98	67	92	62	0
Red Bluff.	29.98	67	92	62	0
Burbank.	29.98	67	92	62	0
Roseburg.	29.98	67	92	62	0
Portland.	29.98	67	92	62	0

S. B. BLANDFORD, Observer.

Ladies are invited to attend the opening at the Toilet Parlor, Wednesday, October 5. Misses Weaver and Harris and their assistants will be pleased to explain their methods and treatments, and ladies unfamiliar with the work of this establishment will do well to give them a call. A new and complete line of fall novelties in ornaments and toilet articles has just been received. Rooms 8, 9, 10, Hotel Ramona, corner Third and Spring.

Sanborn, Vall & Co. will have an exhibition Saturday, October 8, a new and fine line of pictures, which excel anything they have had heretofore, both in price and quality. Also a new line of cases and swinging mirrors for dressing-room purposes. It is worth your while to see these goods. Sanborn, Vall & Co., 133 South Spring street.

All persons subscribing for the Californian during the month of October will receive the magazine for the year 1892, and October, November and December, 1892, gratis. Call on or write to the California Magazine, Hardick Block, corner Second and Spring streets, Los Angeles, Cal. Agents wanted. See special notices.

The summer class of the High School having completed its course, and for the purpose of study, have taken up the historical plays of Shakespeare, beginning with "King John." The next meeting of the class will be held on Tuesday evening, October 4, at the home of Miss Grace Crabbe, No. 750 South Hill street.

The Citizens Bank, Columbia Savings Bank and Los Angeles Safe Deposit and Trust Company have removed to their temporary quarters, No. 313 South Spring street, until the completion of the new building, which will be about January 1, 1893.

Opening day with us means that you are at liberty to walk about our establishment and ask as many questions as you please, and we will devote four or five days valuable time to answering them. Weaver & Harris, 8, 9 and 10 Hotel Ramona, corner Third and Spring.

If you are intending to purchase a phantom, surry, buggy or cart, go to the Labor Carriage Works on Fifth street, between Main and Spring, and see their stock. They will trim and paint one up to your taste and guarantee a first-class job.

To enjoy a look at the beauties at the show this week is to receive their admiration, and that depends upon how you are clothed. Neigen, the tailor, at No. 116 North Spring street, can put a suit on you that you will appear in the latest style.

Church of our Lady of the Angels, opposite the Plaza, grand musical concert in aid of the new organ fund, to be given in the gardens of the old mission, by the members of the church choir, Wednesday, October 5, at 8 p.m.

Los Angeles to Long Beach and return 50 cents, and San Pedro and return 50 cents, on the Los Angeles Terminal Railway, good going Saturday or Sunday and returning Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

The cheapest thing we have seen advertised lately is a twenty-acre prune and apricot ranch for sale by H. C. Gade, Anaheim. See advertisement.

A. M. Edelman, architect, has removed his office to the northwest corner of Main and Third streets, over Wells, Farzo & Co., rooms 12 and 13.

Read ad of W. P. McIntosh in other column if you want to start your son in a good, paying, healthful business.

The famous Mexican band plays tomorrow afternoon and evening at the Pavilion. The admission is only 25 cents.

Silkwoodilly, 2 years old, shows a three-minute gait. For sale at a bargain. C. M. Holmes, Santa Ana, Cal.

Today is the opening of Parisian millinery novelties at The Delight, No. 307 South Spring street.

Any one having a Wooten office desk to dispose of, will please call on Red Rice, 415 S. Spring street.

Over one hundred babies at the Pavilion baby show this afternoon. Everybody is going.

Kodaks finished, free. 221 S. Spring. For Hot Air Furnaces go to F. E. Brown. See Dewey's cabinet photo, \$2.50.

Baby show this afternoon at the Pavilion. Don't lose sight of Kan Koo's ad.

The old postoffice building on Broadway, near Sixth street has been converted into a hotel.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Rev. P. H. Bodkin, T. W. Coles and Miss Alice Myers.

The Mexican band expect to give one or two concerts aside from those at the fair. They have made a decided hit, and will draw a large house.

There was no marriage license issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday, that being C. H. Wilkinson, aged 23 years, a native of Illinois, to Jennie E. Cooper, aged 22 years, a native of Iowa, both parties being residents of this city.

The assessments for opening of Sixth street, from Pearl street, and Third street from Main to San Pedro streets, became delinquent Monday night. Of the ninety-four assessments on Third street all but five, amounting to \$610.30, have been paid, which is considered a remarkably good showing. On Sixth street there are 212 assessments, of which fifty-four are delinquent.

An unusual degree of interest and enthusiasm has been displayed by the people of the First Congregational Church in the club organized by them two weeks ago for musical and literary entertainment and culture. Nearly fifty members gathered at the home of the pastor, Dr. Hutchins, Monday night, and for nearly two hours listened to a carefully prepared and enjoyable program.

Yesterday afternoon a broncho hitched to a two-wheeled cart broke loose from his fastenings at the corner of Fifth street and Broadway, and started up the latter street on a dead run. Turning onto the sidewalk the horse ran the rig into the show window of a furniture store, where the whole outfit crashed with the horse underneath the debris. The animal was secured before breaking away again, and no further damage resulted.

The influence of forests in protecting the water supply is well illustrated in the case of Greece. In ancient days she possessed 7,500,000 acres of forest. Today she has hardly 2,000,000 acres, and the scarcity of water and other injurious climatic effects are traceable to the destruction of the trees.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder **ABSOLUTELY PURE**

RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

Reduction of Freight Rates from San Francisco.

How the Wholesalers Will Be Placed to Disadvantage.

The Terminal Road is to Have the New Smelter.

The Latest New Railroad Project—Excursion Business East and West—General Local and Personal Mention.

The wholesale merchants of Los Angeles are deeply interested in a proposed movement which is likely to largely affect their business. It is proposed to reduce the commodity rate by steamer and rail from San Francisco to Los Angeles about 20 or 25 per cent. This reduction will apply to iron, nails and heavy hardware in general, canned goods, sugar, etc. The effect of it will be to enable San Francisco wholesalers to compete more successfully with houses here for the trade of Southern California.

The steamship company, as an explanation of the desire to make this reduction of freight rates, avers that it is necessary to keep up competition in the coastwise carrying business, and prompt action of this sort will ward off the threatened war. Representatives of the railroad lines between the ocean ports and Los Angeles are holding frequent meetings to discuss the subject, but cannot unanimously agree to the new schedule. It is said that the Santa Fe is opposing the adoption of the lower rate, the officials of that road acting, as they say, in the interest of the wholesale dealers here, to whom the trade of Southern California rightfully belongs. It is likely, however, that the Santa Fe's objections will be of no avail, as the existence of the local association for maintaining seashore rates would be endangered by a refusal to consent, and the reduction will go into effect.

THE MORONGO PASS ROAD.

A Los Angeles man who has reason to be particularly well posted in railroad affairs yesterday said, in commenting on the report printed in THE TIMES regarding a new railroad to Morongo Pass, that he felt sure it was a Southern Pacific move. He based his supposition on the fact that the directors of the new enterprise are more or less connected with the great company, and also on his knowledge that the construction of such a line was some time ago contemplated by the Southern Pacific. No reliable information as to the true inwardness of the project is to be had at present, though it is generally hoped that the new line is to form a link in another transcontinental road.

A SMELTER ON THE TERMINAL ROAD.
It is rumored that the smelter which is to be established in Los Angeles will be located on the line of the Terminal road, San Pedro division, near Ninth street. The establishment of extensive manufacturing plants along its lines is one of the chief objects of the Terminal company, and the smelter will be admirably situated for its purpose and will be even better when the new road is built into the mining regions of Utah.

BAKERSFIELD'S NEW ROAD.

A dispatch from Bakersfield says J. A. Fillmore, general superintendent, and other officials of the Southern Pacific company arrived here today from the South and departed almost immediately on a tour of inspection over the new road, that is completed fifty miles out in the direction of San Joaquin. The connection will shorten the distance from this point to San Francisco fifty miles, and will be the main line and regular overland route. Bakersfield will be a terminal point, and travel from here to San Joaquin Valley will be entirely local.

ALSO A THREE-FOUR OXION.

The Chicago Tribune of September 30 says: "K. H. Wade, general manager of the Santa Fe system of railroads in Southern California, arrived here last Monday to consult with President Manvel as regards the Pacific Coast affairs of the company. Mr. Wade brought with him a 130-pound watermelon, which was grown in ninety days by W. S. Corwin at Highland, San Bernardino county, Southern California. It is probably the largest watermelon ever grown, and may be seen in the window of the Santa Fe local office, corner Clark and Adams streets."

SCAP HEAD.

The Santa Fe overland from the East yesterday was five hours late.

The Southern California road will run a special train from Santa Ana to Los Angeles today and Saturday, leaving the first named place at 9:10 a.m.

Two of the Consolidated Electric Railway's cars had to be taken off the Westlake Park line for repairs, making it necessary to change the run of those cars for a short time. The cars now stop at Spring street instead of running to the Santa Fe depot.

A Phillips excursion which arrived yesterday brought to the coast forty-eight people, of whom twenty came to Southern California. The east-bound excursion from the same agency took off yesterday forty people. C. E. Smith, passenger agent of the Rock Island, accompanied the party as far as Sacramento.

Every railroad corporation operating in Massachusetts and doing an extensive business will defy the law passed by the last Legislature requiring it to have on sale interchangeable mileage books representing 1000 miles for \$20. The law went into effect on the 1st day of October, and, as yet, no railroads have made preparations to comply with it.

The passenger department of the Southern California road is preparing for another rush of people to San Diego. It is expected that by next Sunday five of the white cruisers will be in port at one time. In the Bay—the Charleston, Baltimore, San Francisco, Boston and Yorktown. As has before been stated, these vessels have been ordered to rendezvous at San Diego to prepare to sail as a fleet around the cape.

It is reported that the Mexican International Railroad will be completed into

the capital of the State of Durango in less than ten days. The entire line of the extension from Torion to Durango is graded, bridged and the track laid and ready for service, with the exception of twelve miles from Chorro to Durango, which is ready for laying the rails. A grand celebration will take place at Durango the day of the formal opening of the road.

The Santa Fe Company has made arrangements for the better handling of California fruit shipments in Chicago, which will save much time. Hereafter all such shipments, instead of being hauled into that city by the Santa Fe, to be afterward switched and trucked to the ultimate destination, will, from Joliet, be carried by the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern and Chicago and Northwestern direct to the great warehouses, where the fruit sales are consummated.

HAD A PARTNER.

Another Man in the Widow Short Confession.
The latest developments in the Short-Routledge robbery case go to show that the rascal Routledge, who became engaged to the widow Short and skipped out with \$2000 that the widow claimed to have been left to her by an old soldier named Joseph Baker, who died in her house, had a pal in this city, Capt. Roach, alias James McGregor, alias Frank West.

This fellow Roach is one of the most notorious crooks in the United States and is wanted in a score of cities. He and Routledge were getting ready to do up the city when the scamp Routledge became acquainted with the buxom widow.

The rascals were quick to see a chance to make a big haul, and while Routledge was making love to the widow, who was nursing the dying man, Roach was taking points, and had the widow racket failed several safes would have been cracked.

The widow proved easy game, and even before the poor old soldier died, Routledge managed to induce the weak-minded woman to hand him over a portion of the old man's money.

As soon as Routledge got his hands on the dead soldier's money he and the crackman disappeared and the police knew nothing of the crime until it was too late and the rascals had made good their escape.

Chief Glass has heard of the doings of these men and has been looking for them all over the country, but has failed to find any trace of them up to date.

PERSONALS.

Father O'Keefe of Santa Barbara is in the city.

Miss Beatrice Davis left for the North yesterday afternoon.

W. W. Stanton went to San Francisco yesterday on a business trip.

Mrs. R. S. Cantine, late of San Francisco, now of San Jose, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Spencer of Antelope Valley are visiting friends in the city.

Miss Nellie Vall, formerly of San Diego, but now of St. Louis, is visiting her cousin, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Mulford, No. 1036 South Hill street.

Withdrawn.
The complaint which was brought by Alexander H. Seebold against A. B. Anderson for a dissolution of partnership, etc., has been withdrawn, the latter party having purchased the said Seebold's interest in the United States Fishing Company. This purchase makes Anderson the sole proprietor.

It is the intention of this company in the future to carry just such an assortment of goods as are kept at the Mott market, and the customers of the United States Fishing Company here-fore are respectfully requested to continue their esteemed and valued patronage.

CORONADO DURING THE SUMMER.

This magnificent summer seaside resort has no equal either on the Atlantic or on the Pacific slope. The beautiful, large, new swimming tanks are the finest in the world; are constantly supplied with streams of hot and cold salt water flowing into them. The dressing-rooms are large, sunny and comfortable with every convenience attached. Fishing, hunting, boating and horseback exercise can be fully indulged in. Surf bathing is very fine on a hard, sandy beach. Round-trip tickets from Los Angeles, Pasadena, Pomona, San Bernardino, Colton, Riverside, Redlands, Orange, Anaheim and Santa Ana, all \$2.00, including one week's board in \$2.00 or \$3.50 room. Privilege longer stay at \$2.50 per day.

T. D. Yeomans, Agent, Los Angeles, 159 N. Spring street. Tickets for sale at Santa Fe office, 129 N. Spring street, or at First street depot; at all other points, local railroad agents.

Home from the Seaside.

Now is the proper time to inspect your old buggy and carriage and ascertain whether it will not pay you to purchase a new one from H. K. Kline & Co., No. 210-212 N. Main street, or No. 164-66 N. Los Angeles street.

ALTHOUSE BROS., 108 West First street telephone 388, for largest and choicest selections of fruits and vegetables. Delivered.

CALIFORNIA State Series school books and others. Langstaffer, 214 West Second street, Hollenbeck Hotel.

VISITING CARDS engraved Langstaffer, 214 West Second street. Tel. 62.

CLEVELAND'S
One rounded teaspoonful of Cleveland's Baking Powder does more and better work than a heaping teaspoonful of any other.
A large saving on a year's bakings.

A pure cream of tartar powder. Used in the U. S. Army and by teachers of Cookery. Cleveland's is the standard, it never varies, it does the most work, the best work and is perfectly wholesome.

It is reported that the Mexican International Railroad will be completed into

CATARRH, And all the Various Diseases of the Head, Throat and Chest Successfully Treated by

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D., M.C.P.S.O.
No. 137 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.
By the AERIAN System of Practice, Combined with Proper Constitutional Remedies When Required.

CONSUMPTION!

The following are prominent symptoms in the first stage, and wherever any of them exist a thorough examination should always be made with a view to arrest the disease if shown to exist: There is usually a sense of weariness upon a little exercise, a disposition to remain passive and idle, despondency, often from no apparent cause, a peculiar sensitiveness to the effect of cold, and a breathlessness upon moving quickly or ascending a hill or stairs, a slight hacking cough, with or without expectoration, excitability upon slight occasions, flying pains through the chest or back or under the shoulder blades. The symptoms are more noticeable toward or during the night; slight fever in the afternoon, cold feet and hands, or in many cases blue lividity of the lips and roots of the finger nails. Sometimes spitting of blood, or slight streaks in the mucus in the first indication of tubercular deposit, or it may be a chilly sensation in the back, followed by more or less heat in the palms of the hands, or an afternoon flush on the cheeks. The slow and gradual invasion of this form of consumption leave the stomach and appetite undisturbed for a considerable time. Finally, however, hectic fever and night sweats supervene, preceded by diarrhoea. Then the loss of flesh and strength becomes rapid, the chest contracts, the features sharpen, the eye attains an unusual brilliancy, and the patient begins to realize that he is in the last stage of confirmed consumption.

Persons desiring treatment by this system of practice can use the remedies at home as well as at our office, and which will cause no inconvenience or hindrance to business whatever.

Consultations free and prices within the reach of all. The very best of references from those already cured.

Those who desire to consult with me in regard to their cases had better call at the office for an examination, but if impossible to visit the office personally may write for a list of questions and circulars, both of which will be sent free of charge. Address,

M. Hilton Williams, M.D.,
137 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

CRYSTAL PALACE!

138, 140, 142 S. Main-st.

WE CORDIALLY INVITE THE PUBLIC TO VISIT OUR

Third Annual Exhibition

Decorated China & Art Goods

WHICH WILL BEGIN

October 3

IN OUR

ART ROOMS.

Respectfully,

MEYBERG BROS.

WEDNESDAY

OCT 5

1892

TO-DAY, will be opened at

Buffalo, N. Y., the national convention of the real estate exchanges of the country.

Every city will be represented and a low rate has been accorded to delegates by railroads to ensure a large attendance.

The rapid multiplication of large cities and towns is causing the real estate fraternity to steadily rise in importance and prominence.

There is also a constant rise in the popularity of our

Neuralgia & Headache CURE.

We refer to the Japanese "Kairo" or pocket stove which wherever dry heat is needed, and all it costs is 10 cents.

Doctors all recommend it. Get everything else in its line.

KAN KOO, 110 S. Spring-st., HAS IT.

MOSGROVE'S DRESSMAKING!

This department is under the management of the most experienced and thorough cutter and fitter in this coast. For perfection of fit, style, and originality of design, she is without a peer. FORTUNISTS can have their made in one day's time, and be assured of satisfaction. MOURNING suits given special attention. Bring your own material or you can make a selection from a high and exclusive class of novelty dress patterns from my stock. Prices as low as any first-class customer.

MOSGROVE'S

THE LEADING

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FROM 1 TO 4 YEARS.
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The Los Angeles Times

Eleventh Year. FOR FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1892. Columbian Number.

1492 1892

The Day of Days—October 21, 1892.

The Quadro-Centennial Anniversary of the Discovery of America.

Advance Bulletin OF OUR COLUMBIAN NUMBER

Descriptive of Los Angeles and Southern California.

To be Issued October 21, 1892,

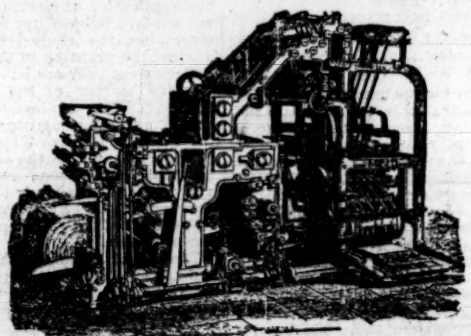
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Twenty-four Large Pages

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Fine Pictorial Supplement!

Of four additional pages, showing the World's Fair Buildings, including the California Building.



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Los Angeles and Southern California Described: Compact Sketch of the Country from its Discovery to 1892.

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Los Angeles County: General Description by Sections and Towns. Horticulture, its Great Development and Immense Possibilities. Agriculture and Mining. Harbors, Ports, and Seaside Resorts. The Naturalist and Sportsman, etc.

Los Angeles City: Founding, Progress and General Description. The City Today. Commerce, Trade, Finance and Manufactures. Streets and Street-car Systems. Postoffice, Schools, Churches, Colleges and Library. Police and Fire Departments. Parks and Boulevards. A City of Beautiful Homes.

The Other Southern Counties: San Bernardino: Her Resources, Irrigation Systems, etc. San Diego: Her Position, Development, etc. Orange: Her History, Development and Condition. Santa Barbara: Her Climate, Homes and Vegetation. Ventura: Her Fertile Valleys, Stock, Bean and Grain Ranches.

Miscellaneous Special Articles: The Nicaragua Canal. By Capt. W. L. Merry. The Colorado Desert and its Interesting Possibilities. The Missions of Southern California. Bear Valley and its Famous Dam, etc. Pasadena and Vicinity.

A Distinctive World's Fair Feature: An elaborate special description of the grand preparations for OPENING DAY at Chicago, on the 21st of October, will be printed in the first edition; and the second edition will contain a Graphic Telegraphic Account of the Opening Exercises, to be wired from Chicago after they have taken place. This second edition will, if requested, go to all purchasers of copies in lots and to all agents ordering extras.

Numerous Local Illustrations! The News of the Day.

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PRICES OF THE PAPER.

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Will be for Sale by All Newsboys and News Agents And at the Counter.

The Times-Mirror Company, Times Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

WORK OF COLUMBUS.

Review of the Great Navigator's Checkered Career.

Dreams of the Ancients and Travels of Marco Polo.

Columbus's First Voyage and its Mighty Results.

He Was the Man for the Hour—A Sad Fate—Broken Hearted and in Chains—The Coming Celebration.

That for 6000 years, one-third of the world should have remained undiscovered and unknown, while empires rose, flourished and fell, and the whole grand drama of history was being acted on the other portion, is the most amazing of facts. Its discovery was the greatest event on the planet, since the advent of Christ, and has more profoundly affected the nations of the world than any other secular event. Where a million or two of savages, with half as many partially civilized people in the two centers of Mexico and Peru, resided, there now exist great nations, with not less than 130,000,000 people. Where stretched vast and bound-

Pilgrims, like William de Rubruquis, and travelers found their way across the interminable stretches of Asia, to China. Among these, in 1271, went Marco Polo, a youth, and his father and brother. Returning to his home at Venice.



The Armor of Columbus.

In 1295, with uncounted riches, he told such wonderful stories about Cathay and its cities, with temples roofed with gold, that he was called "Master Millions." Captured and imprisoned in a Genoese prison, he dictated his travels to the court of the great Mongol mon-

arch, Kublai Khan, and this book became the very romance of travel, that fired the imagination of all Europe. Columbus's letters reek with the dreams based on Marco Polo's narrative, and his vision ever beheld the golden roofs and minarets and the emerald windows of Quinsai.

When Columbus was 18 years old, the Turk, who overthrew the Mongols, conquered Western Asia and took Constantinople in the year 1453. This shut all Europe off from India, that source of the choice things of life, gems, spices, gums, perfumes, golden ornaments, incense, medicines, costly drugs, silks and porcelains. The luxuries of life are its pressing necessities, and Europe everywhere felt "hard times." That trade to India, which made every nation surprisingly rich, that has ever had it, from Babylon to England, was interrupted and forty years later all thought turned to finding a way to India. This is the unrecognized key to the movements of Columbus and Da Gama. India once found,

Christopher Columbus, the son of Dominic Columbus, weaver of woolen cloth, and Susanna Fontanarossa, his wife, was born in 1435, on St. Andrew's street, in Genoa, in one of the two houses owned by the father. The house is still pointed out—a narrow four-story dwelling. The family, which lived for a time at Savona, was composed of the parents and four sons, Christopher, James, John and Bartholomew, and one daughter, Bianchinetta, who married James Baverello, a cheese dealer. The family were comfortably well off. Savona, Cuccaro, Cogoleto, Nervi, Albiola, Rogliasco, Cosseria, Fivale, Oneglia, Chiavari, Milano and Modena, all claim his birthplace. But Genoa's challenge remains unanswered, and in the market-place of that "city of palaces," stands the grand monument to his memory. His parents sent him to school, where he acquired a beautiful hand, and later to the University of Pavia, seventy miles north, over the Apennines. Here he studied cosmography, astronomy, grammar and Latin.



CONVENT OF LA RABIDA IN SPAIN.

less forests, bordered by seemingly endless prairies, now stand the most magnificent cities the world has ever seen, and nations rich, powerful and expansive with a life that more than rivals the grandeur of Rome. Plato had dreamed of Atlantis, sunk beneath the western wave, with its cities, harbors, mountains, and its ideal civilization. Seneca had prophesied the time when the girdle of Oceanus, that Homer had put around the world, would be unloosed and new realms be revealed to mortal eyes. The Greek

arch, Kublai Khan, and this book became the very romance of travel, that fired the imagination of all Europe. Columbus's letters reek with the dreams based on Marco Polo's narrative, and his vision ever beheld the golden roofs and minarets and the emerald windows of Quinsai.

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Christopher Columbus.

geographer Strabo, during the reign of Augustus, said "there may be in the same temperate zone two, and indeed more inhabited lands, nearest the parallel of Athens prolonged into the Atlantic." And later Ptolemy had said: "At one antipodes are cities, states, and throned empires ne're divined of yore." We now know that there were actual discoveries made here by the Norse, and possibly by others. The Chinese have legends of ships with pilgrims sailing to Fusang about 458 A.D., and large books have been written to prove that America was then discovered. It is acknowledged that Gunnbjorn discovered Greenland, and for 400 years the fortunes of that colony were linked to Norway. In 980 Bjarni discovered Labrador, and in 1000 Leif, Red Eric's son, explored the coast to Massachusetts Bay. Settlements were made, and timber cut. The natives called Skraelings were clothed in skins, and might the strangers. While Norse remains, graves, churches, etc., are found in abundance in Greenland, where at one time they numbered about 6000 people, on the Charles River at Cambridge, Prof. E. N. Horsford believes he has found the remains of their "lost city of Norumbega." But about the time of the Black Death, 1348, trade with Greenland stopped, and the colonies were extinguished by the Esquimaux in 1409. The story of the Norse discovery of America was doubted until 1894, when Prof. Rafn of Copenhagen demonstrated its truth.

Portugal became enormously wealthy from it, until the Dutch captured the trade and ruled commerce, only to yield in turn to England, who became mistress of the seas and has since been their ruler.



SANTA MARIA, THE SHIP OF COLUMBUS.

When some great work is to be done, it seems as if God calls the man for the hour, educating him through devious paths, for his mission. St. Paul, Augustine, Luther, William of Orange, Cromwell, Washington and Lincoln were not more surely called for their high work than was Columbus. At the time when he undertook his first voyage, there was not in the world another man with the training, experience, peculiar education, apt qualities of courage, adroitness, tremendous perseverance, unconquerable resolution, and thorough scientific knowledge to fit him for this great task. The more one reads and contemplates the life of Columbus, the more one's admiration grows at the patience, honesty, fairness, Christian spirit, and high-mindedness of the great discoverer. Columbus was the man for the hour; and the clock of destiny struck high noon when, on October 12, 1492, he landed on the shores of the New World.

Europe had reached its depth of moral degradation. "Lowell puts into his mouth the words: 'Yes, Europe's world reels on to judgment.' Surely the drunken revelry of sin and crime, in camp and court, in city and country, was only rivaled by the cruelty, tyranny and mendacity that made the church a chamber of horrors. The worst pope, Alexander Borgia, that wicked Spaniard, poisoner, fratricide and adulterer, was on the papal throne. The Inquisition in Spain was burning alive thousands of poor heretics each year; 200,000 Jews were driven out from Spain, robbed, maltreated and murdered. Germany, sunk in ignorance, was burning witches in great numbers.

The daylight, however, was beginning. Forty-eight years before Gutenberg had begun printing; war was assuming the wooden form; a Tudor was on the throne of England; Prince Henry, the Navigator, was sending his ships down the African coast; Savonarola was turning Florence upside down with reforms that made the pagan

ried secretly to send an expedition to discover the lands Columbus was so sure of, but the expedition became terrified, failed and returned. The honorable explorer was deeply wounded, but taking his five-year-old son, Diego, his wife, soon after died, and Columbus entered the service of Ferdinand, King of Aragon, and Isabella, his wife, Queen of Castile, (leaving his son with his aunt, who lived at Huelva) January 20, 1486.

The final war against the Moors, who had been in possession of large portions of Spain for nearly 800 years, had begun in 1481, and was pressed with vigor. Still Columbus urged his scheme upon the sovereigns, and it was referred to a junta of learned men, including the professors of the University of Salamanca. Malaga was captured in 1487, and he shortly after visited Lisbon to meet with his brother Bartholomew, who had just returned from that grand expedition of Diaz, which discovered the Cape of Good Hope. Soon after Bartholomew went to England to enlist the attention of the English monarch, Henry VII, who saw the advantage of the proposal, but could not spare the money then. He then departed for France, where he strove to engage Charles VIII in his schemes.

Columbus hovered about the court at Cordova and found support at the hands of Duke Medina Cell for two years, who even proposed to enter upon



The New York Statue of Columbus.

the expedition alone. Queen Isabella was favorable, but the Moorish war prevented. At last, worn out, disgusted, disappointed, this tall, stalwart man, whose gleaming blue eyes, erect carriage, and white hair streaming in the breeze, was the sport of the archbishops of Seville and Cordova, determined to leave Spain. Taking his son Diego, now 12 years old, from Huelva, he started. A mile and a half from Palos he stopped at the Franciscan monastery of La Rabida, on a headland overlooking the sea, to ask for food for his son. The prior, Juan Perez, who had been Isabella's former confessor, became interested in his story, and sent for several learned men near by, and Pinzon, a ship-owner and mariner of Palos, Perez detained Columbus, and went himself to Queen Isabella, and returned with \$1180 for Columbus to fit him for appearance at court. At the camp a council of learned men was called, and proved more favorable than those of Salamanca. When questioned how he could do this, while another could not, he took an egg and by a trick familiar in old books of legerdemain, broke the yolk by holding it in his hand, while he struck his fist on the table. Pinzon easily balanced it on end while others failed who tried eggs whose yolks were unbroken.

The year 1492 opened auspiciously. January 2 Granada surrendered and the last stronghold of Moorish power, that had threatened and dominated the cities of Spain, was crushed. The conflict of over 700 years was ended, and as King Boabdil kissed the hand of Isabella, and received from her his son, held as a hostage, the golden cross that rose over the towers of the Alhambra, where the crescent had flashed, symbolized the dawn of a grander era. Columbus, who had hung around Santa Fe, now buried in despair, now filled with hope, and now engaging in fight, was sick at heart as further delay became apparent. He waited till the festivities of the surrender were over, and finding his appeals in vain, mounted his mule and started for France to lay his plans before the French monarch. Columbus's demands to be made admiral of the "ocean sea," and victory of all the new lands discovered, had repelled the Spanish monarchs, and yet future events showed the wisdom of his demands. Subsequent events proved that without these guarantees Columbus would have been short of his honors entirely. On finding that he had left the court the royal confessors, Peza and Talavera, and the treasurers of the two kingdoms, Quintanilla and Santangel, who were his supporters, became alarmed. The latter rushed passionately into the Queen's room and told her the golden opportunity was being lost forever. An impulse seized Isabella, and this was quickened by her bosom friend, Beatriz de Bobadilla, an admirer of Columbus. A fleet courier was sent off on horseback, who overtook Columbus joggling across the bridge of Pinos, near the foot of Mt. Elvira, six miles from Granada, and brought him back. Here an engagement was speedily made. All he asked for was conceded, but money was lacking. Queen Isabella offered to pledge her jewels, but the gallant Santangel advanced a million maravedis of his own money. A levy of two ships and provisions were made on Palos, and April 17 the agreement with Columbus was signed. April 30 his commission was signed, and he went about among his friends to secure influence for his expedition. In view of the hundred vessels sent on an expedition a little later to negotiate a marriage with a northern nation, the preparations for Columbus's voyage were scant and meager. May 12, behold Columbus elate with joy, leaving Granada and by the way of Cordova, Seville, Huelva and Magner, hastening on to the little port of Palos. Today it exists as a small village of 440 inhabitants, on one straight street; and astonished at its own reputation. The town for some offense to the crown, was compelled to fit out two caravels for the expedi-

1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

THE CAMPAIGN.

Able and Instructive Address by Judge R. M. Whitney.

The Vital Issues of the Day Discussed at Length.

Meeting of the Republican City Central Committee.

The Primaries Called for the 29th inst., and the Convention for November 1st—The County Executive Committee—Points.

The public meeting held under the direction of the Republican County Central Committee in Turner Hall last evening was quite largely attended, notwithstanding the fact that there were other political gatherings about town to detract from the audience, the stage being crowded with representative Republicans, as well as delegates from the other parties.

Judge Silbert presided, and ex-Gov. Lionel A. Sheldon gave an introductory remarks some well-timed reflections upon the present campaign, ending by introducing the speaker of the evening, Judge R. M. Whitney.

Vital issues of the day were the topics chosen by the Judge for elucidation. Judge Whitney said that the coming campaign was, in his mind one of the most important ever known in the history of the commonwealth.

He advocated a strict adherence to the party platform and said that the individual was lost in the party, but that the people should insist that the planks be lived up to and then be supported accordingly.

The Nation has grown to such magnitude that vast sums of money are necessarily expended in the conduct of the same.

The people have to foot the bills, for the expenses have to be met, and the Republican party now comes before the people with a direct plan, through protection, for cancelling this vast expense account.

When we come to a tariff for protection, let me illustrate: You have heard of the parent who will pay his children more wages than he would to strangers, for he argues, then keeps the money in his own family. This is the foundation of a protective tariff.

The speaker cited the recent trouble with Chile as an example of the value of protection, for he said, by our protection we were able to turn out our own vessels and armament without being obliged as Chile was to have the ships manufactured in a foreign port, which would also subject the same to confiscation or detention under the disadvantage quoted.

Although we pay a little more for our various necessities among each other, that same difference remains among us for our mutual benefit, and the Republican party is the laboring man's friend under this very tariff for protection.

The speaker further went into a discussion upon the relation of labor to capital, holding that the laborers in all great enterprises received a large proportion of the cost for such improvements.

So long as foreign nations had a monopoly on manufacturing industries, Americans were paying out their money to make foreign millionaires. It has been said that if we must make millionaires to stop paying to make those foreign capitalists and turn the course of our dollars to a similar purpose at home in preference.

Commissioner Peck's report was quoted from as a powerful illustration of the benefits of home protection, coming as it does from a Democrat, and the Democratic platform then came in for a share of the speaker's consideration, and plank by plank was taken up for criticism.

The State bank system, "wildcat" money schemes and other currency problems were charged up with overwhelming invective against the debit account of the Democracy, the Judge, who is an expert upon the subject of money, giving a most lucid and interesting explanation of current methods and advantageous plans with defects in the existing laws clearly brought forth.

Panics and their attendant evils were here analyzed to policies similar to those now embraced in the Democratic principles. The repeal of the 10 per cent. tax and the establishment of State banks were most heartily condemned, and the speaker declared that the Republican party offered to the people a system of coinage which was the best that human ingenuity could devise, while the Democrats represented one equally of the reverse nature.

The late President Polk, of the Farmers Alliance, was eulogized, but the project for free coinage of silver was adversely commented upon.

"When any man tells you that the free coinage of silver is going to help the dear people, just quote the statement of Senator Stewart on the subject," said the speaker.

In regard to the proposed policy of the People's party to control the railroads, telegraph lines, etc., Judge Whitney said that to purchase these heavy bonded indebtedness must be incurred by the people, amounting to billions of dollars, and overloading the country with mortgages, which they must either raise or bequeath to subsequent generations the right to sweat them out; and, more than that, such a course would be illegal and in violation of the Constitution, which provides that no man or men shall be deprived of life or property without due process of law.

The railroads were upheld in their methods and courses of improvement, although the exorbitant rates frequently charged were subject to censure.

The course of construction in the erection of the immense buildings of the capitalist which are so frequently the subject of stinging anathemas by the laboring people, was followed to show that labor receives on the whole its just share of the profits and rewards.

The issuance of paper money was cited as a legitimate and sensible method of increasing the volume of money, a condition generally conceded to be desirable.

The Judge closed his remarks with a striking allusion to the outcome of the Itata affair as affected by Republican doctrines, when the crowd filled out with three rousing cheers for the speech and speaker.

MUNICIPAL POLITICS.

Meeting of the City Central Committee—Date of the Primaries Fixed.

The Republican City Central Committee held an enthusiastic and earnest meeting at the Lincoln Club rooms last evening, with Col. W. S. Moore, chairman, presiding, and William H. Burns secretary.

After roll call and the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting a spirited discussion was indulged in, brought out by a motion of Mr. Day to correct the minutes in reference to a motion

made by Mr. Naud relating to the qualification of delegates to the coming city convention, being, "That qualification of delegates be that they vote on all questions by roll call." The motion was ruled out of order and the minutes approved as read.

The Law Committee reported the following resolution, which on motion was received and filed, and the resolution, after an animated discussion by Messrs. Phillips of the Seventh Ward, Day, Register, Phillips of the Second and Garrett, was adopted:

Resolved: That the Republican City Central Committee of Los Angeles city:

First—That a primary election shall be held by the Republican voters of said city on the 29th day of October, 1892, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 7 p. m., at the places and by the boards of election hereinafter named.

Second—The object of said election shall be to elect delegates to the Republican City Nominating Convention, to be held at the city of Los Angeles November 1, 1892, for the election of delegates to the State Convention of the Board of Education from the several wards.

Third—That such election will be held under the provision of the primary election law.

Fourth—That the notice of said election shall be published in the Los Angeles Express and Times for two weeks prior to said election (one issue each week).

Fifth—The qualifications required of voters at said election besides those required by law shall be the following test: Are you a Republican, and will you aid and support the Republican ticket at the next city election?

It was moved by Mr. Garrett that the chairman and secretary of the committee be instructed to issue the call for primaries and convention in accordance with instructions of resolution just adopted.

Mr. Garrett also offered the following, which was adopted:

That the chairman and secretary be instructed to include in the call a uniform size and color of ballot to be used at primaries; that the ballots and tally sheets be sealed up and given to the chairman and secretary and they have the custody of the same.

The committee are determined to have clean primaries at all hazards, and have thoroughly discussed every plan and suggestion which has been brought before it, and expect that the coming primaries will be looked upon with pride by every Republican and the people of the whole city.

After remarks by Mr. Newman of the Third Ward Republican Club, in reference to the reception of the visitors from San Francisco on the 15th of October, the committee adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

THE NORTHERN VISITORS.

Preparations for the Reception of the San Francisco Drill Corps.

All arrangements for the reception of the Union League Drill Corps of San Francisco, who will be here on the 15th inst., have not yet been made, but the various committees are hard at work and the affair promises to be a big success.

The committee promises to make this the largest demonstration of the campaign. In speaking of the San Francisco Drill Corps, the call of that city says:

Of all the clubs in line the Union League Drill Corps, beyond question, the most perfect, Col. John A. Koster commanded the corps, and a better drilled body of men could not be found in the State today.

The league corps wore black patent leather leggings, white trousers with black stripes, black blouse coats trimmed with white braid and polo caps.

Everywhere along the line they received an ovation, and it was richly deserved, for the men moved at the word of command with the promptness and precision of drilled soldiers.

Friday night there will be a joint meeting of all the club committees for the purpose of perfecting arrangements for the reception of the northern visitors.

The Third Ward will hold an important meeting this evening at 7:30 in Justice Owens' courtroom, for the purpose of arranging for the reception of the San Francisco visitors on the 15th inst.

Political Points.

The Executive Committee of the Republican County Central Committee met in the Lincoln Club rooms yesterday afternoon and listened to reports from several sub-committees, but nothing of interest to the public transpired.

All of the committees for the reception of the San Francisco Union League Drill Corps will be appointed at the meeting of the Third Ward Club tonight.

There was a rousing Republican meeting at Whittier Monday night. Gen. H. G. Rollins and James G. Rives of Downey were the speakers. Several candidates were present and made informal short talks, creating a very favorable impression.

The Monrovia Republicans will have a demonstration tomorrow evening, at which ex-Gov. Lionel A. Sheldon will deliver an address. There will also be a meeting at San Gabriel the same evening, and on Friday evening Judge Waldo M. York will address the citizens of Lamanda Park, at which the Pasadena Colored Glee Club will also be present.

Quite a sensation was created in the Democratic ranks yesterday by the announcement that E. E. Rowland had entered the race for Mayor, and there was a general scurrying about readjusting slates for new combinations.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Cholera.

When properly treated, as soon as the first symptoms appear, cholera can nearly always be cured. The patient should go immediately to bed and remain as quiet as possible. Send for a physician, but, while awaiting his arrival, take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in double doses after each operation of the bowels move without natural. If there is severe pain or cramps take it in double doses every fifteen minutes until relieved. This remedy has been used with great success in seven epidemics of dysentery that were almost as severe and dangerous as cholera, and if used as directed a cure is almost certain. Every family should have a bottle of it at hand ready for instant use. After the disease is under control, food should be taken to cleanse the system. No other physic or substitute will do in place of castor oil. For sale by John Beckwith & Son, druggists, 303 North Main street.

Fine Carriages.

It is not necessary to go outside of Los Angeles for elegant vehicles. Call at No. 210 N. Main street and inspect the Broughams, Victorias, Rockways, Traps and Carts now exhibited by Hawley, King & Co.

RING UP telephone 426 for John Wieland and Fredericksburg Bottled Beer, delivered free of charge.

HEALTH FOOD CO.'S Wheatena at Jenne's Grocery House.

FOR FEED OR FUEL, telephone 1074, M. I. and Patterson, corner Third and Los Angeles streets. Bottom prices guaranteed.

TRY Elastic Starch at Jenne's.

SLICED HAM, Chopped Beef, Cooked Ham, Tongues and Sausages, Steaks, Mott Market.

DRINK John Wieland or Fredericksburg Lager Beer, on tap at all first-class places.

THE BAPTISTS.

A Large and Enthusiastic Meeting at Pomona.

Los Angeles Baptist Association and Sunday School Convention.

Delegates Present from All Parts of the District.

Twenty-fourth Anniversary of the Organization—First Day's Proceedings—Election of Officers—Encouraging Reports.

The twenty-fourth anniversary of the Los Angeles Baptist Association and Sunday-school Convention began in Pomona yesterday morning. The session will last through today and tomorrow and there are three meetings daily. Yesterday was devoted entirely to Sunday-school work, the delegates showing much zeal and interest.

FIRST MEETING.

The first meeting was called to order at 10:50 a. m. by Rev. A. W. Rider of Los Angeles, and after singing a hymn, of praise they proceeded at once to a regular praise service, a few moments being devoted to prayer and singing. Mr. Rider then asked all who felt so inclined to give thanks for special blessings in his own Sunday-school number responded.

The congregation then sang "While the days are going by," and the convention at once proceeded to the work of organization. It was announced that only a temporary organization could be made at present, and Capt. Cressey of Los Angeles nominated Rev. A. W. Rider as temporary chairman. Carried unanimously, W. G. Shaw of the First Church of Los Angeles was nominated for temporary secretary, which was also carried unanimously.

Letters were then asked for and a Committee on Credentials was organized as follows: J. H. Mitchell, Pomona; Joseph Fowler, Monrovia, and Theo Rapp of the German Baptist Church, Los Angeles.

The letters were presented to the Committee on Credentials, who retired to get their report ready.

The congregation then sang "What a gathering there will be," and while the Committee on Credentials was preparing its report, the chairman announced that they would listen to statistical reports of the Sunday schools.

The following churches answered to the call: Azusa, Memorial Baptist Church, Los Angeles; First Baptist Church, Los Angeles; Monrovia, Pasadena, Rivera, Downey, Central Church, Los Angeles; Chino and East Los Angeles Baptist Church.

The committee then reported the following list of delegates: First Church, Los Angeles—Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Cressey, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Jackson, Miss M. A. Snook, A. P. Morey, Miss Emma Burgess, W. G. Shaw.

Pomona—Rev. E. R. Bennett, Miss Jessie Ross, J. H. Mitchell, G. R. Atkins, Mrs. William Tinscher, A. Baldwin and Henry Freyer.

Azusa—A. P. Griffith, N. T. Christy, Miss M. Stanford.

Memorial Baptist Church, Los Angeles—Rev. A. W. Rider, Mrs. M. Cleveland, Mrs. L. Merrill, Mrs. L. M. Brown, B. W. Buky.

Downey—Rev. and Mrs. V. A. Henry, Mrs. Joseph Fowler, Miss Annie Stewart, Miss Hallie Clery.

The Los Angeles—C. W. Mitchell, C. A. Graff, S. I. Merrill.

Monrovia—C. C. Hotchkiss, Misses Birdie and Minnie Monroe, and Bertha Lock, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Morton, Joseph Fowler.

Pasadena—Rev. A. D. Crawford, Mrs. S. F. Miller, Earnest Canfield.

German Baptist Church, Los Angeles—Rev. William Apple, Theodore Rapp, Chino—Rev. and Mrs. A. B. Thomlinson, Mrs. M. M. Whitney, Mrs. J. B. Baker.

Capt. Cressey asked that all who took part in the proceedings would give their names, as the reporters were present and could not know them.

It was then moved and seconded that a committee of three on permanent organization be appointed. After a little deliberation the following were appointed by the Chair: Capt. F. J. Cressey, Los Angeles; Rev. V. A. Henry, Downey, and Dr. A. C. Bryan, Pomona.

After asking the delegates to call upon the Committee on Entertainment, that they might be assigned to their places of entertainment, which had been provided for by the Pomona Baptist Church, the meeting adjourned till 2:30 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session opened with a devotional service, followed by a general discussion of Sunday-school work. The members all showed much earnestness in the work, and the promptness with which the delegates responded and put forth plans, showed how eager they were to get all the good possible out of the convention. The prayer for Sunday-school work was led by Rev. A. D. Crawford of Pasadena, who also addressed the convention from Pomona, viii, 20. The Sunday-school class was then taken up in detail, a general discussion of the best way to teach a class taking place. This was followed by a paper being read by Calvin Esterly of Pomona on "How to Question a Class."

After the reading of the paper, Mr. Westerly was used as a "target," many of the delegates asking questions about the best way to get the most good into the members of the class.

Capt. F. J. Cressey reported for the Committee on Organization the following officers for the ensuing year, the officers to take charge at the close of the afternoon session:

President, Calvin Esterly, Pomona; vice-president, Earnest Canfield, Pasadena; secretary, W. G. Shaw, Los Angeles; treasurer, Charles A. Baskerville, Los Angeles; Executive Committee, Rev. A. P. Brown, Monrovia; Mrs. V. A. Henry, Downey, and S. I. Merrill, East Los Angeles. The report was adopted.

Adjourned till 7:30 p. m., when a Sunday-school meeting was held. Today will be devoted to regular church work.

The meetings are characterized by most enthusiastic reports and the music is unusually good. The organ is presided over by Mrs. V. A. Henry of Monrovia. The Pomona Baptist Church, where all the meetings will be held, is a large building, but will be taxed to its utmost, judging from yesterday's attendance. The delegates will be hospitably entertained all during their stay at the homes of the members and the hotels of the city without any expense to the delegates.

LOVERS of good coffees can be satisfied at Jenne's Grocery House, where roasting is done daily.

GENT'S HATS cleaned, dyed and pressed Hartley, Hatter, No. 294 South Main street.

NEW AND OLD books, magazines, etc. Book Exchange, cor. Second and Main.

Open daily from 7:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m. Office and business meetings every Wednesday at 2 p. m. J. M. GRIFFITH, President. JOHN SPIERS, Secretary.

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AYER'S Sarsaparilla

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Warranted to CURE APHRODITINE or money refunded.

POSITIVE GUARANTEE TO CURE any form of nervous disease.

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